

## OTHER RELEVANT EVENTS

At the end of the third quarter of 2023, Banca Afirme has an asset level of 264,763.5 million pesos, showing an increase of 133.8% against the same period of the previous year. This increase is impacted by the increase in repo debtors as a result of a change in accounting standards where repo debtors are presented without offsetting their counterpart, which increases both total Assets and Liabilities.

### Capitalization

The Capitalization Index of Banca Afirme was at 15.42% at the end of the third quarter of 2023 with a basic capital index of 11.65%.

### Issuance of Subordinated Bonds

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on March 17, 2020, the Shareholders agreed to carry out an issue of non-preferred, non-convertible subordinated capital obligations of the Bank, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their issuance through official letter 153/12258/2020. On September 14, 2022, the subordinated debentures were issued through a public offering of 4,025,000 subordinated debentures, considering that the Issuer exercised its over-allotment right for 525,000 subordinated debentures, with a nominal value of Ps. 100.00 each, bearing interest at a TIIE rate for a term of up to 28 days.00 pesos each, bearing interest at a TIIE rate for a term of up to 28 days. this issue is unsecured, the interest payment period is every 28 days and maturity will be in September 2032. This issuance was for \$403. The proportion of the authorized amount of subordinated obligations to the issued amount was 100%.

At the end of the third quarter of 2023, the subordinated obligations program has a balance of 3,364.8 million pesos.

#### Dividends to Banking

On July 19, 2023, Banca Afirme receives dividends from Círculo de Crédito for 6.9 million pesos.



### CERTIFICATION

"The undersigned declare under protest of saying the truth that, within the scope of our respective functions, we prepare the information regarding Banca Afirme contained in this annual report, which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, reasonably reflects its situation. Likewise, we declare that we are not aware of relevant information that has been omitted or falsified in this annual report or that it contains information that could mislead investors".

### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

Banca Afirme is subject to an Internal Control System in which its objectives, policies and guidelines are set and approved by the Board of Directors, through a common and homogeneous methodology that is in accordance with the General Provisions Applicable to Credit Institutions in Mexico (CUB) instructed by the National Banking and Securities Commission.

The scope of the Internal Control System establishes the implementation of operating mechanisms, according to the strategies and purposes of the entity, allowing to provide reasonable security for its management processes, as well as for its registration procedures, data automation, and administration of risks.

The different functions and responsibilities between its corporate bodies, administrative units and its staff are focused on ensuring efficiency and effectiveness in carrying out activities and allow the identification, management, monitoring and evaluation of risks that may arise in the development of the corporate purpose and have As an institutional premise, mitigate possible losses or contingencies that may be incurred.

Likewise, measures and controls were implemented so that the financial, economic, accounting, legal and administrative information is correct, accurate, complete, reliable and timely in order to contribute to the strict compliance with the applicable regulations and standards and to contribute to the proper decision making.

The objectives and guidelines of the Internal Control System are reviewed and documented by the Comptroller's area and submitted at least once a year by the Board of Directors through the analysis and evaluation of the quarterly reports formulated by the General Management and by the Audit Committee.



II.- The shareholding of the holding company by subsidiary.

SHAREHOLDING OF BANCA AFIRME

ENTITY	% OF PARTICIPATION	
FONDOS DE INVERSION AFIRME		99.99%
ARRENDADORA AFIRME		99.98%

III.- The amounts of the different categories of investments in financial instruments, as well as the positions for repo transactions, by generic type of issuer are presented below for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022:

	IIIQ 2023	111Q 2022
Without restriction:		
Governmental: LDS \$	225	
LDS \$ PASTEB	325 6	-
FASILD	0	-
Government Subtotal	331	-
Private:		
Stock certificates	1,880	285
Bankers:		
Investment funds	151	141
PRLV	8,488	6,073
You yield	15,526	11,898
Banking Subtotal	24,165	18,112
	1,	
Total of financial instruments		
negotiable without restriction	26,376	18,397
Operations restricted due to report:		
Governmental:		
BPA's	79.698	6,644
LDS Bonds	4,064	476
BPA's	3,584	1,902
BPAT's	25,477	1,007
BREMS Warranties	1,026	1,026
SAVAR Warranties	1	89
M BONDS	200	-
UNIBONDS	1,618	10
ICBC	64	36
Treasury Certificates	1,596	2,990
Subtotal IFN restricted in operations		
for report, to the next page \$	117,328	14,180
Bankers:		
PRLV	-	53
Stock certificates	3,999	3,447
Banking Subtotal	3,999	3,500
	404.007	47.000
Total IFN restricted	121,327	17,680
Value date operations with restriction:		
Purchases	94	-
Sales	378.	-
Total titles to negotiate	147,419	36,077

#### **Negotiable Financial Instruments (NFI)**

### Financial instruments for collecting principal and interest

IIIT 2023			A year	From 1 to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Stock certificates:						
Without restriction	\$				207	207
IIIT 2022						
Stock certificates:						
Without restriction	\$				205	205

#### Repurchase operations

Instrument	IIIQ 20	23	IIIQ 2022		
	Debtors	Creditors	Debtors	Creditors	
Debt instruments					
Government debt					
CBICS	\$ -	67	-	37	
BPAT's	3,924	25,043	-	1,001	
BPA's	34,127	78,554	1,368	6,596	
Treasury Certificates	4	1,596	-	2,991	
KISSES	548	3,578	-	1,874	
LDS Bonds	50	4,001	1,084	478	
Unibonds	-	1,613	-	10	
M BONDS	858	200	-	-	
	39,511	114,652	2,452	12,987	
Bank debt					
Certificates of deposit	-	4,000	-	3,451	
PRLV	-	-	-	53	
	-	4,000	-	3,504	
		.,		-,	
	\$ 39,511	118,652	2,452	16,491	

#### Collateral sold or given as a guarantee for repurchase agreements

Instrument	IIIQ 2023	IIIQ 2022	
Debt instruments			
Government debt			
BEPAS T	\$ 3,924		-
BEPAS	548		-
BEPIS	31,163		-
	\$ 35,635		-

As of September 30, 2023, the average term of the repurchase operations carried out by the Bank in its capacity as repo seller and repo buyer were 15 and 3 days, respectively. As of September 30, 2022, those deadlines were 17 and 8 days, respectively.

IV- The nominal amounts of derivative financial instrument contracts by type of instrument and underlying as of September 30, 2023 and 2022 are presented below:

	For coverage purposes			Fair Va	Fair Value		Net Ba	lance	Net Bala	ince	
Consecu tive	Underlyi ng type	Operatio n	Market	Notional	Active Part Amount	Passive Part Amount	МТМ	CVA EFFECT	DVA EFFECT	Debtor	Creditor
1569010	Interest Rate	FE Coverage s	Recognized	1,000	204	174.	30	-	-	30	-
1570922	Interest Rate	s	Recognized	250	63	55.	8	-	-	8	-
1570923	Interest Rate	S	Recognized	250	78	68.	10	-	-	10	-
1570924	Interest Rate	S	Recognized	250	93	81.	12	-	-	12	-
1570927	Interest Rate	s	Recognized	500	157	137.	20	-	-	20	-
1570931	Interest Rate	s	Recognized	250	93	81.	12	-	-	12	-
1570938	Interest Rate	S	Recognized	1,000	400	353.	47	-	-	47	-
1570939	Interest Rate	S	Recognized	500	200	176.	24	-	-	24	-
1570959	Interest Rate	S	Recognized	500	200	177.	23	-	-	23	-
1570960	Interest Rate	s	Recognized	500	200	177.	23	-	-	23	-
1095084	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	279	8	6.	2	-	-	2	-

#### 3rd Quarter 2023

1268101	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	226	15	12.	3	-	-	3	-
1276966	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	1	33	32.	1	-	-	1	-
1370442	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	278	18	14.	4	-	-	4	-
1569135	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	984	471	413.	58	1	-	57	-
1569139	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	1,899	918	811.	107	2	-	105	-
1570940	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	74	3	4.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570941	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	76	4	5.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570942	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	76	5	6.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570943	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	79	5	7.	2.	-	-	-	2.
1570944	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	81	6	7.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570945	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	82	7	8.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570946	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	84	8	9.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570947	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	87	9	10.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570948	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	89	10	11.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570949	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	91	10	12.	2.	-	-	-	2.

1570954 Inter Rate	rest VR Covering s	Over The Counter Over The Counter	105	17	17.	-	-	-		-
	rest VR Covering		105	17	17.	-	-	-	-	-
1570953 Inter Rate		Over The Counter	102	15	15.	-	-	-	-	-
1570952 Inter Rate		Over The Counter	99	14	14.	-	-	-	-	-
1570951 Inter Rate	rest Covering	Over The Counter	96	13	13.	-	-	-	-	-
1570950 Inter Rate		Over The Counter	94	12	13.	1.	-	-	-	1.

	For nego	tiation purposes			Fair	/alue	Net Balance	Net Ba	Balance Net Balance		ance
Consec utive	Underly ing type	Operation	Market	Notional	Active Part Amount	Passive Part Amount	МТМ	CVA EFFECT	DVA EFFECT	Debtor	Creditor
1454212	Interest Rate	Derivatives Trading	Over The Counter	- 300	3	6.	3.	-	-	-	3.
1399774	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	300	5	3.	2	-	-	2	-
1570318	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	2,000	17	18.	1.	-	-	-	1.
1570319	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	1,000	9	9.	-	-	-	-	-
1570359	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	2,000	18	18.	-	-	-	-	-
1570410	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	4,000	36	36.	-	-	-	-	-
1570427	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	4,000	36	36.	-	-	-	-	-
1570442	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	3,000	27	27.	-	-	-	-	-
1570790	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	5,000	45	45.	-	-	-	-	-
1570866	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	5,000	45	44.	1	-	-	1	-
1571057	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	10,000	524	524.	-	-	-	-	-
1571061	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	5,000	262	262.	-	-	-	-	-
1571065	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	5,000	262	261.	1	-	-	1	-
1571100	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	2,500	130	130.	-	-	-	-	-
1571102	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	2,500	130	130.	-	-	-	-	-
					1,549	1,549.	-	-	-	4	4.



#### 3rd Quarter 2022

	For coverage purposes				Fair Va	alue	Net Balance	ance Net Balance		Net Balance	
Consecu tive	Underlyi ng type	Operatio n	Market	Notional	Active Part Amount	Passive Part Amount	МТМ	CVA EFFECT	DVA EFFECT	Debtor	Creditor
2	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	615	7	7.	-	-	-	-	-
1005037	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	434	2	1.	1	-	-	1	-
1039820	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	135	1	1.	-	-	-	-	-
1095084	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	279	17	13.	4	-	-	4	-
1103695	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	165	14	12.	2	-	-	2	-
1103883	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	82	35	40.	5.	-	-	-	5.
1166781	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	275	12	9.	3	-	-	3	-
1190371	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	60	6	5.	1	-	-	1	-
1190399	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	206	45	39.	6	-	-	6	-
1230614	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	1	11	9.	2	-	-	2	-
1253858	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	41	8	7.	1	-	-	1	-
1268087	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	27	3	3.	-	-	-	-	-
1268098	Interest Rate	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	29	6	6.	-	-	-	-	-

1268101Interest s courterVR counterOver The counter22623.33-127696Interest s vR courterVR courterOver The counter137371370442Interest s vR courterVR courterOver The counter2783024.61455360Interest sVR courterOver The counter1,203543331.21212-200-					803	567.	236	12	-	229	5.
1268101Interest RateCovering SOver The Counter2262623.33-1276966Interest RateVR S SOver The Counter13737 <td>1455360</td> <td>Covering</td> <td></td> <td>1,203</td> <td>543</td> <td>331.</td> <td>212</td> <td>12</td> <td>-</td> <td>200</td> <td>-</td>	1455360	Covering		1,203	543	331.	212	12	-	200	-
1268101 Rate S Covering Counter 226 26 23. 3 3 -	1370442	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	278	30	24.	6	-	-	6	-
1268101 Rate Covering Counter 226 26 23. 3 3 -	1276966	VR Covering s	Over The Counter	1	37	37.	-	-	-	-	-
	1268101	Covering s		226	26	23.	3	-	-	3	-

	For negot	tiation purposes			Fair Value		Net Balance	Net Balance Net Balance		e Net Balance	
Consec utive	Underly ing type	Operation	Market	Notional	Active Part Amount	Passive Part Amount	мтм	CVA EFFECT	DVA EFFECT	Debtor	Creditor
1454212	Interest Rate	Derivatives Trading	Over The Counter	- 300	21	35.	14.	-	-	-	14.
1399774	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	300	34	24.	10	-	-	10	-
1567980	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	250	13	12.	1	-	-	1	-
1567995	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	1,000	54	49.	5	-	-	5	-
1568022	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	1,500	93	86.	7	-	-	7	-
1568028	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	2,000	124	115.	9	-	-	9	-
1568030	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	1,000	62	57.	5	-	-	5	-
1568543	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	1,000	46	46.	-	-	-	-	-
1568544	Interest Rate	Mexder Trading Listings	Recognized	4,000	184	184.	-	-	-	-	-
					631	608.	23	-	-	37	14.

V.- The credit portfolio with credit risk by stages by type of credit for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022, is integrated as shown below:

	_	3rd Quarter 2023				3rd Quarter 2022			
		Pesos	Valued foreign currency	Total	Pesos	Valued foreign currency	Total		
Commercial credits									
Stage 1									
Commercial Credits	\$	33,766	805	34,571	32,584	851	33,435		
Business or commercial activity		31,027	624	31,651	30,193	851	31,044		
Financial entities		10	181	191	534	-	534		
Governmental entities		2,729	-	2,729	1,857	-	1,857		
Consumer loans		10,730	-	10,730	8,911	-	8,911		
Home loans		11,503	-	11,503	10,053	-	10,053		
		55,999	805	56,804	51,548	851	52,399		
Stage 2									
Commercial Credits	\$	105	-	105	666	-	666		
Business or commercial activity	'	105	-	105	666	-	666		
Financial entities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Governmental entities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Consumer loans		276	-	276	175	-	175		
Home loans		364	-	364	361	-	361		
		745	-	745	1,202	-	1,202		
Stage 3									
Commercial Credits	\$	2,351	-	2,351	1,455	-	1,455		
Business or commercial activity	-	2,351	-	2,351	1,455	-	1,455		
Financial entities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Governmental entities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Consumer loans		504	-	504	247	-	247		
Home loans		702	-	702	701	-	701		
		3,557	-	3,557	2,403	-	2,403		
Total of credits									
Commercial Credits	\$	36,222	805	37,027	34,705	851	35,556		
Business or commercial activity	-	33,483	624	34,107	32,314	851	33,165		
Financial entities		10	181	191	534	-	534		
Governmental entities		2,729	-	2,729	1,857	-	1,857		
Consumer loans		11,510	-	11,510	9,333	-	9,333		
Home loans		12,569	-	12,569	11,115	-	11,115		
	Ś	60,301	805	61,106	55,153	851	56,004		

The following is the credit portfolio with credit risk by stages by economic sector for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022:

Economic activity	IIIQ2023	IIIQ2022
Commercial credits:		
AGRICULTURE	328	275
COMMERCE	10,567	10,923
CONSTRUCTION	3,866	3,319
ELECTRICITY AND WATER	4,964	4,537
MANUFACTURING	3,353	2,661
MINING AND OIL	255	1,493
SERVICES	7,388	6,481
FINANCIAL SERVICES	191	534
REAL ESTATE SERVICES AND RENTAL	1,839	2,306
TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS	1,547	1,169
GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES	2,729	1,857
CONSUMPTION	11,510	9,334
HOUSING	12,569	11,115
	61,106	56,004

## Phased credit portfolio by Geographical Area

#### 3rd Quarter 2023

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
Downtown <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 8,256	194	444
Nuevo León <sup>(2)</sup>	35,310	274	2,312
North <sup>(3)</sup>	6,344	149	452
Other (4)	5,894	128	349
	55,804	745	3,557
	\$	61,106	

#### 3rd Quarter 2022

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
Downtown <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 6,234	171	573
Nuevo León (2)	33,578	751	1,003
North <sup>(3)</sup>	7,115	121	265
Other <sup>(4)</sup>	5,472	159	562
	52,399	1,202	2,403
	\$	56,004	

<sup>(1)</sup> It includes Mexico City and the State of Mexico.

<sup>(2)</sup> It mainly includes Monterrey and its metropolitan area.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes Tamaulipas, Coahuila, Durango, Sinaloa, Baja California, Sonora and Chihuahua.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes Aguascalientes, Colima, Guanajuato, Guerrero, Hidalgo, Jalisco, Michoacán, Morelos, Nayarit, Puebla, Querétaro, San Luis Potosí, Quintana Roo, Yucatán, and Veracruz.



The movements in the stage 3 credit risk portfolio for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022, as well as the transfers to and from the stage 1 credit risk portfolio, are integrated as follows:

#### MOVEMENTS OF THE PORTFOLIO STAGE 3 IN THE THIRD QUARTER OF 2023 AND 2022 (AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS OF PESOS)

	IIIQ2023	IIIQ2022
Balance at the beginning of the year (past due portfolio)	\$ 3,149	1,740
Restructurings	134	148
Punishments	1,422.	503.
Transfers from the portfolio with stage 1 risk	143	57
Transfers to the portfolio at risk stage 1	225.	399.
Transfers from portfolio with stage 2 risk	2,073	1,658
Transfers to the portfolio at risk stage 2	59.	61.
Clearances	236.	(237)
Total	\$ 3,557	2,403

VI.- The deferred income tax assets are presented below according to their origin for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022:

(AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS OF PESOS)					
	TOTAL BASE	ISR	TOTAL		
FAVOR MATCHES					
TEMPORARY PROVISIONS	472	142	142		
PREVENTIVE ESTIMATION FOR CREDIT RISKS	2,681	804	804		
OTHER TEMPORARY DIFFERENCES	752	226	226		
			1,172		
MATCHES CHARGED					
EARLY DEDUCTIONS	1,347.	405.	405.		
OTHER DIFFERENCES TEMPORARY	254.	76	76.		
			481.		
TOTAL DEFERRED TAXES IN FAVOR			691		

AMOUNT OF DEFERRED TAXES ACCORDING TO THEIR ORIGIN AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

# AMOUNT OF DEFERRED TAXES ACCORDING TO THEIR ORIGIN AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS OF PESOS)

	TOTAL BASE	ISR	TOTAL
FAVOR MATCHES			
TEMPORARY PROVISIONS	503	151	151
PREVENTIVE ESTIMATION FOR CREDIT RISKS	2,754	826	826
OTHER TEMPORARY DIFFERENCES	508	153	153
			1,130
MATCHES CHARGED			
EARLY DEDUCTIONS	1,709.	512.	512.
OTHER TEMPORARY DIFFERENCES	18.	6.	6.
			518.
TOTAL DEFERRED TAXES IN FAVOR			612

VII.- The following are the average interest rates for traditional savings and interbank loans and from other organizations, by type of currency for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022.

AVERAGE INTEREST RATES				
	NATIONAL	CURRENCY	FOREIGN CURRENCY	
CONCEPTS	Q3 2023	Q3 2022	Q3 2023	Q3 TRIM 2022
BANK				
TRADITIONAL DEPOSITS	<u>8.80%</u>	<u>5.63%</u>	<u>0.04%</u>	<u>4.25%</u>
DEMAND DEPOSITS IMMEDIATELY	6.26%	3.77%	0.04%	0.00%
TERM DEPOSITS	10.97%	7.56%	0.00%	0.00%
The terms of the maturities are from 1 to 365 days.				
INTERBANK LOANS AND LOANS FROM OTHER BODIES				
BANK	6.76%	5.78%	3.10%	0.00%
LESSOR	12.35%	8.36%	5.39%	0.00%

The terms of the maturities are from 1 to 10 years.

As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Bank has unused credit lines with multiple banking institutions, development banks, and promotion funds, amounting to \$4,455 and \$2,933, respectively. The amount of the authorized credit lines as of September 30, 2023 and 2022 amounts to \$10,671 and \$9,331, respectively.

### Deposit funding by Geographic Zone

#### DEPOSITS GROUPED BY GROUP AND GEOGRAPHICAL ZONE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS OF PESOS)

	MEXICO CITY (**)	MONTERREY (*)	<u>NORTH (*** )</u>	<u>CENTER (****)</u>	TOTAL
IMMEDIATE AVAILABLE DEPOSITS	9,918	11,460	5,352	15,774	42,504
TERM DEPOSITS	13,643	17,912	5,483	7,406	44,444
CREDITS SECURITIES ISSUED	-	1,495	-	-	1,495
GLOBAL COLLECTION ACCOUNT WITHOUT MOVEMENTS	-	122	-	-	122
TOTAL	23,561	30,989	10,835	23,180	88,565

#### GROUP AND GEOGRAPHIC AREA GROUPED BY GROUP AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (FIGURES IN MILLIONS OF PESOS)

	MEXICO CITY (**)	MONTERREY (*)	<u>NORTH (***)</u>	<u>CENTER (****)</u>	TOTAL
IMMEDIATE AVAILABLE DEPOSITS	8,363	9,685	4,938	14,457	37,443
TERM DEPOSITS	4,391	23,196	3,839	5,950	37,376
CREDITS SECURITIES ISSUED	-	531	-	-	531
GLOBAL COLLECTION ACCOUNT WITHOUT MOVEMENTS	-	85	-	-	85
TOTAL	12,754	33,497	8,777	20,407	75,435

<sup>(\*)</sup> It mainly includes Monterrey and its metropolitan area.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> It includes Mexico City and the State of Mexico.

(\*\*\*) Includes Baja California, Chihuahua, Coahuila, Durango, Sinaloa, Sonora, and Tamaulipas.

(\*\*\*\*) Includes Aguascalientes, Colima, Guanajuato, Guerrero, Hidalgo, Jalisco, Michoacán, Morelos, Nayarit, Puebla, Querétaro, San Luis Potosí, Quintana Roo, Yucatán, and Veracruz.

VIII.- Results by valuation and by sale and purchase, by type of operation corresponding during the third quarter of 2023 and 2022:

	IIIQ 2023	IIIQ 2022
Result by fair value measurement		
Result from valuation of securities and derivatives	\$ 4	25
Titles to negotiate	(2)	19
Derivatives for trading purposes	6	6
Impairment loss or reversal of impairment effect on securities and derivatives	3.	18.
Derivatives	3.	18.
Result by currency valuation	424.	547.
	423.	540.
Result from buying and selling		
Result from the sale and purchase of securities and derivatives	22.	65.
Titles to negotiate	(24)	68.
Derivatives for hedging purposes	2	3
Results for Sales and Purchase of Currency	461	588
	439	523
	\$ 16	17.

IX.- Amount and origin of the main items that make up the category of other income and expenses for the third quarter of 2023 and 2022.

Other operating expenses, net	IIIQ 2023	IIIQ2022
Income:		
	1.4	77
Recoveries	14	27
Debugging accounts payable	31	1.
Collection of written-off credits	33	33
Release of reserves from other debts	-	2
Sale of furniture and real estate	18	6
Subscription and membership bonus	21	5
Others	39	10
Total other income	156	82
Expenses:		
Result from operating lease	34.	1.
Customer bonuses	(26)	18.
Reserve for other overdue debts	(16)	10.
Reserve foreclosed assets	-	2.
Heartbreaks	8.	13.
IPAB Contribution	90.	226.
Others	(2)	1.
Total other expenses	176.	(271)
Total	20.	189.



- XI.- Capitalization index see point XX
- XII.- Basic and Complementary Capital see point XX

# XIII.- Value at Market Risk

#### CAPITALIZATION AND MARKET VALUE AT RISK (VAR)

(BEFORE REPLICAS WITH BANCO DE MEXICO)	III	Q
(AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS OF PESOS)	2023	2022
ASSETS SUBJECT TO RISK		
OF CREDIT	49,988	47,535
MARKET	9,639	5,350
OPERATIONAL	8,411	7,273
CAPITAL STRUCTURE		
BASIC CAPITAL	7,927	7,045
COMPLEMENTARY CAPITAL	2,565	2,534
NET CAPITAL	10,492	9,579
CREDIT CAPITALIZATION INDEX	20.99%	20.15%
TOTAL CAPITALIZATION INDEX	15.42%	15.92%
AVERAGE MARKET VALUE AT RISK (VAR)	15.60	7.49
PERCENTAGE ON NET CAPITAL	0.15%	0.08%

# XIV.- Segment Information.

#### Banca Afirme, S. A.

#### Statement of Financial Position by Segments

amounts in millions of pesos

		Treasury and Investment Banking		
_sep-23	Credit Operations	Operations	Others	Total
Assets	71,072	193,170	522	264,764
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL	1,896	5,648	-	7,544
INSTRUMENTS	-	147,626	-	147,626
DEBTORS BY REPURCHASE	-	39,511	-	39,511
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	385	-	385
Credit card	58,753	-	-	58,753
Other assets	10,423	-	522	10,945
Liabilities	63,454	193,170	-	256,624
Immediate Demand Deposits	40,504	2,000	-	42,504
Term Deposits	13,590	32,471	-	46,061
Creditors by repurchase agreement	-	118,652	-	118,652
Collateral Vend. O Dice in G.	-	35,635	-	35,635
Interbank Loans	5,861	-	-	5,861
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	17	-	17
Subordinated Obligations in Circulation	-	3,365	-	3,365
Other liabilities	3,499	1,030	-	4,529
Capital	7,618	-	522	8,140
Stockholders' Equity	7,618	-	522	8,140
Total Liabilities and Capital	71,072	193,170	522	264,764

#### Banca Afirme, S. A. Statement of Financial Position by Segments (amounts in millions of pesos)

sep-22	Treasury and Investmen Credit Operations Banking Operations		Others	Total
Assets	63,910	48,860	480	113,250
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL	1,410	9,860	-	11,270
INSTRUMENTS	-	36,282	-	36,282
DEBTORS BY REPURCHASE	-	2,452	-	2,452
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	266	-	266
Credit card	52,613	-	-	52,613
Other assets	9,887	-	480	10,367
Liabilities	56,882	48,860	-	105,742
Immediate Demand Deposits	35,443	2,000	-	37,443
Term Deposits	12,578	25,414	-	37,992
Creditors by repurchase agreement	-	16,491	-	16,491
Collateral Vend. O Dice in G.	-	-	-	-
Interbank Loans	5,855	-	-	5,855
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	19	-	19
Subordinated Obligations in Circulation	-	3,346	-	3,346
Other liabilities	3,006	1,590	-	4,596
Capital	7,028	-	480	7,508
Stockholders' Equity	7,028	-	480	7,508
Total Liabilities and Capital	63,910	48,860	480	113,250

#### Banca Afirme, S. A. Statement of Comprehensive Income by Segments amounts in millions of pesos

sep-23	Credit Operations	Treasury Investment Banking Operations	and	Others	Total
366-20	operations	operations		Others	Total
Interest Income	2,209		5,852	-	8,061
Interest Expense	1,577		5,233	-	6,810
Preventive Estimation for Credit Risks.	435		5,255	-	435
Commissions and Fees Charged	415		-	682	1,097
Commissions and Fees Paid	130		-	354	484
RESULT BY INTERMEDIATION	37		21	-	16
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) FROM THE					
OPERATION	20		-	-	20
Administration and Promotion Expenses	450		542	314	1,306
Operating Result	49		56	14	119
ISR	13		15	4	32
Result before participation of subsidiaries	36		41	10	87
Participation in the results of subsidiaries				14	14
Net profit	36		41	24	101

#### Banca Afirme, S. A. Statement of Comprehensive Income by Segments (amounts in millions of pesos)

sep-22	Credit Operations	Treasury Investment Operations	and Banking	Others	Total
	operatione	operatione		Othere	Total
Interest Income	1,838		3,252	-	5,090
Interest Expense	1,151.		2,672.	-	3,823.
Preventive Estimation for Credit Risks.	304.		-	-	304.
Commissions and Fees Charged	301		-	553	854
Commissions and Fees Paid	122.		-	281.	403.
RESULT BY INTERMEDIATION	40		57.	-	17.
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) FROM THE					
OPERATION	189.		-	-	189.
Administration and Promotion Expenses	375.		474.	260.	1,109.
Operating Result	38		49	12	99
ISR	5.		6.	2.	13.
Result before participation of subsidiaries	33		43	10	86
Participation in the results of subsidiaries				20	20
Net profit	33		43	30	106



XV.- Information on related parties:

The key operations performed with related parties were the following:

<u>NATURAL AND MORAL PERSONS WHO HAVE DIRECT AND INDIRECT CONTROL OF THE</u> <u>GROUP</u>	3Q 2023	3Q 2022
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	204	72
CREDIT PORTFOLIO	972	1,431
OPENING OF IRREVOCABLE CREDITS	385	88
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	53	153
DEBTORS BY REPURCHASE	83,494	39,511
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS	10	-
TERM DEPOSITS AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	2,551	4,832
UPTAKE AT SIGHT	485	595
CREDITORS BY REPURCHASE AGREEMENT	2,102	963
VARIOUS CREDITORS	40	7
SUBORDINATED BONDS	601	601
MEMBERS OF THE BANK AND GROUP BOARD OF DIRECTORS		
CREDIT PORTFOLIO	7	9
TERM DEPOSITS AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	40	67
UPTAKE AT SIGHT	14	11
SUBORDINATED BONDS	9	9
SPOUSES AND PEOPLE RELATED TO THE PREVIOUS PEOPLE		
CREDIT PORTFOLIO	16	17
TERM DEPOSITS AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	26	25
UPTAKE AT SIGHT	25	14



INTEREST, COMMISSIONS AND OTHER EXPENSES OF RELATED COMPANIES	3Q 2023	3Q 2022
INTEREST CHARGED	23	39
SERVICE REVENUES	62	27
FEES CHARGED	48	100
AWARDS COLLECTED	1,557	1,097
INCOME COLLECTED	1	1
TOTAL REVENUES	1,691	1,264
SALARIES AND BENEFITS	6	45
OTHER FEES	46	33
COMMISSIONS PAID	-	2
RENT PAID	51	40
INTEREST PAID	61	83
OTHER OPERATING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	55	132
AWARDS PAID	40	31
RESULT FROM PURCHASE-SALE OF SECURITIES	45	22
TOTAL EXPENSES	304	388

### **Financial indicators**

**Basic Capital Index** 

#### **RELEVANT INDICATORS**

	3Q 23	3Q 22
Delinquency rate (past due portfolio / total portfolio)	5.82%	4.29%
Coverage of overdue portfolio (preventive estimate / overdue portfolio)	0.67	1.09
Operational efficiency (administrative and promotional expenses / average total assets)	2.01%	3.63%
ROE (Return on Equity)	5.04%	5.71%
ROA (Return on Assets)	0.16%	0.35%
Liquidity Ratio (liquid assets / liquid liabilities)	0.98	0.89
NIM (Net Interest Margin adjusted for credit risks / productive assets)	1.31%	3.42%
BANCA AFIRME		
Credit Capitalization Index	20.99%	20.15% (1)
Total Capitalization Ratio	15.42%	15.92% (1)

11.65% 11.71% (1)

(1) Previous data before replicas with Banxico

#### Banca Afirme Portfolio Rating

			TEMBER 30, 2 mmillions of pe			
		Anounts ii		303		
			NECESSARY P	REVENTIVE RES	SERVATIONS	
	AMOUNT OF		CONSU	MPTION		
RISK GRADES	CREDIT PORTFOLIO	COMMERCIAL	NON- REVOLVENT	CREDIT CARD AND OTHER REVOLVING CREDITS	HOUSING MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO	TOTAL LOAN-LOSS RESERVES
A-1	\$44,455	\$113	\$46	\$30	\$14	\$20
A-2	\$6,715	\$57	\$14	\$17	\$4	\$92
B-1	\$2,719	\$20	\$36	\$9	\$3	\$68
B-2	\$1,375	\$6	\$29	\$5	\$5	\$4
B-3	\$811	\$9	\$19	\$5	\$3	\$3
C-1	\$1,942	\$122	\$27	\$11	\$5	\$16
C-2	\$1,141	\$7	\$44	\$30	\$46	\$12
D	\$2,069	\$421	\$72	\$72	\$110	\$67
E	\$1,353	\$259	\$474	\$39	\$107	\$87
EXEMPT QUALIFIED	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
TOTAL	\$62,580	\$1,014	\$761	\$218	\$297	\$2,29
Less: CONSTITUTED RESERVES						\$2,370
EXCESS						-\$8
RESERVES BALANCE						\$2,37

2.- The loan portfolio is rated according to the methodology established by the National Banking and Securities Commission in Chapter V of Title Two of the General Provisions applicable to credit institutions, and may be rated by internal methodologies authorized by the Commission itself. The Institution uses the rating methodologies established by the CNBV.

Credit institutions use risk grades: A-1; A-2; B-1; B-2; B-3; C-1; C-2; D and E, for the purposes of grouping loan-loss reserves according to the type of portfolio and the percentage that the reserves represent of the unpaid balance of the credit, which are established in Section Five "*On the constitution of reserves and their classification by degree of risk*", contained in Chapter V of Title Two of the aforementioned provisions.

3.- The base loan portfolio for the rating includes contingent operations that are shown in the corresponding group of memorandum accounts at the bottom of the balance sheet.

4.- The excess of preventive reserves constituted by \$85', correspond to reserves derived from operational risks, additional reserves for interest on overdue loans, other overdue debts and reserves for specific cases.

ANNEX 35	
Financial Information Third Quarter 2023 Pag. 29	

		CREDIT POR AS OF SEPT	AFIRME, S.A. RTFOLIO RAT EMBER 30, 2 millions of pes	022			
NECESSARY PREVENTIVE RESERVATIONS							
			CONSU				
RISK GRADES	AMOUNT OF CREDIT PORTFOLIO	COMMERCIAL	NON- REVOLVENT	CREDIT CARD AND OTHER REVOLVING CREDITS	HOUSING MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO	TOTAL LOAN- LOSS RESERVES	
A-1	\$39,964	\$114	\$41	\$24	\$13	\$192	
A-2	\$5,356	\$46	\$11	\$13	\$4	\$74	
B-1	\$3,129	\$30	\$32	\$7	\$2	\$71	
B-2	\$1,172	\$6	\$23	\$4	\$4	\$37	
B-3	\$892	\$14	\$16	\$4	\$2	\$36	
C-1	\$1,747	\$115	\$22	\$10	\$5	\$152	
C-2	\$962	\$8	\$37	\$22	\$40	\$107	
D	\$2,736	\$685	\$61	\$47	\$103	\$896	
E	\$1,463	\$617	\$256	\$23	\$102	\$998	
EXEMPT QUALIFIED	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
TOTAL	\$57,421	\$1,635	\$499	\$154	\$275	\$2,563	
CONSTITUTED RESERVES EXCESS						\$2,621 -\$56	
						-400	
RESERVES BALANCE						\$2,621	
<ul> <li>NOTES:</li> <li>1 The figures for the qualification and constitution of the preventive reserves are those corresponding to the last day of the month referred to in the balance sheet as of September 30, 2022.</li> <li>2 The loan portfolio is rated according to the methodology established by the National Banking and Securities Commission in Chapter V of Title Two of the General Provisions applicable to credit institutions, and may be rated by internal methodologies authorized by the Commission itself. The Institution uses the rating methodologies established by the CNBV. Credit institutions use risk grades: A-1; A-2; B-1; B-2; B-3; C-1; C-2; D and E, for the purposes of grouping loan-loss reserves according to the type of portfolio and the percentage that the reserves represent of the unpaid balance of the credit, which are established in Section Five " <i>On the constitution of reserves and their classification by degree of risk</i>", contained in Chapter V of Title Two of the aforementioned provisions.</li> <li>3 The base loan portfolio for the rating includes contingent operations that are shown in the corresponding group of memorandum accounts at the bottom of the balance sheet.</li> <li>4 The excess of preventive reserves for interest on overdue loans, other overdue debts and reserves for specific cases.</li> </ul>							

The following shows for each type of portfolio, the Exposure to Default, the Probability of Default and the Severity of Loss as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively:

# 3Q2023

Portfolio Type	Exposure to Default	Weighted Probability of Default	Loss Severity Weighted
COMMERCIAL PORTFOLIO	36,407	7.48%	36.60%
Housing Portfolio	12,569	9.89%	14.48%
Non-Revolving Consumer Portfolio	10,164	10.20%	71.79%
Revolving Consumer Portfolio: Credit Card	2,451	11.79%	73.29%

# 3Q2022

Portfolio Type	Exposure to Default	Weighted Probability of Default	Loss Severity Weighted
COMMERCIAL PORTFOLIO	35,673	11.36%	37.60%
Housing Portfolio	11,114	10.52%	14.35%
Non-Revolving Consumer Portfolio	8,336	8.20%	71.65%
Revolving Consumer Portfolio: Credit Card	1,907	10.76%	73.03%



XVI.-Principal characteristics of the issuance or redemption of long-term debt.

## QAFIRME15

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on February 4, 2015, the Shareholders agreed to issue non-preferred capital subordinated bonds, perpetual and susceptible to be converted into shares at the Bank's option, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their Issuance through official letters OFI/S33-001-12465 and OFI/S33-001-12722 dated January 21, 2015, and February 3, 2015, correspondingly. The issuance of the bonds was carried out through a private offer for up to 11,000,000 subordinated bonds with a face value of \$100 pesos each, which accrue interest at a TIIE + 4.0% rate, this issuance is not guaranteed, the interest payment period is every three months, it has no maturity date. Said issuance was for an amount of \$800, the proportion of the authorized amount of subordinated bonds compared to the amount issued was 73%.

### **QBAFIRME18**

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on October 1, 2018, the Shareholders agreed to carry out an issue of non-preferred subordinated capital bonds not convertible into shares, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their issuance through official letter OFI/033-24335. The issuance of the bonds was carried out through a public offering of up to 12,000,000 subordinate bonds with a face value of \$100 pesos each, which earn interest at a TIIE + 2.8% rate, this issuance is not secured, the interest payment period is every 28 days and its maturity will be in September 2028. Said issuance was for an amount of \$1,200, the proportion of the authorized amount of the subordinated obligations compared to the amount issued was 100%.



#### QBAFIRME20

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on March 17, 2020, the Shareholders agreed to carry out an issue of non-preferred, non-convertible subordinated capital bonds, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their issuance through official letter 153/12258/2020. Through an issuance act dated March 24, 2020, it was carried out through a public offer of up to 5,000,000 subordinated obligations with a nominal value of \$100.00 pesos each, which accrue interest at a TIIE + 2.8% rate, this issue is not guaranteed, the interest payment period is every 28 days and its maturity will be in March 2030. Said issuance was for an amount of \$ 500, the proportion of the authorized amount of the subordinated bonds compared to the amount issued was 100%.

### QBAFIRME20-2

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on March 17, 2020, the Shareholders agreed to carry out an issue of non-preferred, non-convertible subordinated capital bonds, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their issuance through official letter 153/12258/2020. Through an issuance deed dated October 22, 2020, a public offer was carried out for up to 2,300,000 subordinated bonds with a nominal value of \$100.00 pesos each, which accrue interest at a TIIE + 2.8% rate. This issuance is not guaranteed, the interest payment period is every 28 days and its maturity will be in October 2030. Said issuance was for an amount of \$230, the proportion of the authorized amount of subordinated bonds compared to the amount issued was 100%.

## QBAFIRME22

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on March 17, 2020, the Shareholders agreed to carry out an issuance of non-preferential subordinated capital bonds that cannot be converted into shares, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their issuance through document 153/12258/2020. By means of the act of issue dated February 15, 2022, the subordinated obligations were issued through a public offer for up to 2,012,500 subordinated obligations with a nominal value of \$ 100.00 pesos each, which accrue interest at a TIIE rate of 28 days + 2.8%, this issue is not guaranteed, the interest payment period is every 28 days and its maturity will be in February 2032. This issuance was for an amount of \$201, and the ratio of the authorized amount of subordinated debentures to the amount issued was 100%.



### QBAFIRME22-2

At the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on March 17, 2020, the Shareholders agreed to carry out an issue of non-preferred, non-convertible subordinated capital obligations of the Bank, obtaining authorization from the Central Bank for their issuance through official letter 153/12258/2020. On September 14, 2022, the subordinated debentures were issued through a public offering of 4,025,000 subordinated debentures, considering that the Issuer exercised its over-allotment right for 525,000 subordinated debentures, with a nominal value of Ps. 100.00 each, bearing interest at a TIIE rate for a term of up to 28 days.00 pesos each, bearing interest at a TIIE rate for a term of up to 28 days, this issue is unsecured, the interest payment period is every 28 days and maturity will be in September 2032. This issuance was for \$403. The proportion of the authorized amount of subordinated obligations to the issued amount was 100%.

As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the amount placed from the current issues in the category of "Outstanding subordinated obligations" amounts to \$3,365 and 3,346, respectively, which include accrued interest pending payment of \$39 and \$31 and include issuance costs and expenses to be amortized, which amount to \$8 and \$8, respectively.

As of September 30, 2023, the subordinated obligations are registered in the consolidated Financial Situation Statement under the item "Subordinated obligations in circulation", which have the option of prepayment from the fifth year and have, among others, the following characteristics:

I.- They are bearer titles.

II.- Coupons will not be attached for the payment of interest and the issue will be backed by a single bearer security.

III.- They meet the requirements and contain the mentions referred to in articles 63 and 64 of the LIC, as well as the provisions of Circular 2019/95 and in the Capitalization Rules.

IV.- They confer the Bondholders corresponding to this issue equal rights and obligations.

V.- They enjoy executive action against the issuer, upon request for payment before a notary public.

As of September 30, 2023, the subordinated obligations do not have a discount rate or premium.



XVII.- The consolidated financial statements are prepared based on banking legislation and in accordance with the accounting criteria for credit institutions in Mexico (the Accounting Criteria) established in Annex 33 of the Provisions, and the applicable operating rules, established by the Commission, which is responsible for the inspection and surveillance of credit institutions and reviews their financial information.

The Accounting Criteria establish that the accounting of credit institutions must conform to the basic structure of the Financial Reporting Standards (NIF) defined by the Mexican Council of Financial Information Standards, A.C. (CINIF) in NIF A-1 "Structure of Financial Reporting Standards", first considering the NIFs contained in the NIF A Series "Conceptual Framework", as well as what is established in Accounting Criterion A-4 "Supplementary Application to Accounting Criteria". Likewise, they establish that institutions must observe the accounting guidelines of the NIF except when necessary, at the discretion of the Commission, to apply a specific regulation or accounting criteria on the recognition, valuation, presentation, and disclosure applicable to specific items of the financial statements and those applicable to their preparation.

XVIII.- Activity and outstanding operations-

Banca Afirme, S. A., Multiple Banking Institution, Afirme Financial Group (the "Bank") was incorporated under Mexican laws domiciled at Av. Juarez No. 800 Sur, Zona Centro, Monterrey, N. L The Bank is a 99.99% subsidiary of Afirme Grupo Financiero, S. A. de C. V. ("Grupo Afirme") and based on the Law of Credit Institutions ("LIC"), is authorized to carry out multiple banking operations, which include, among others, the acceptance and granting of credits, the collection of deposits, the making of investments in financial instruments, the operation of repurchase agreements and financial derivative instruments and the execution of trust contracts, among others. Their activities are regulated by the Bank of Mexico ("Central Bank") and by the National Banking and Securities Commission (the "Commission").

Some relevant regulatory aspects require the Bank to maintain a minimum capitalization ratio in relation to the market and credit risks of its operations, compliance with certain limits on acceptance of deposits, obligations and other types of funding that can be denominated in foreign currency, as well as the establishment of minimum limits of paid capital and capital reserves.

The two subsidiaries of the Bank in whose capital stock it participates 99.976% and 99.99%, respectively, are described below:

 Arrendadora Afirme, S. A. de C. V., Sociedad Financiera de Objeto Múltiple, Regulated Entity, Affirme Grupo Financiero (the "Leasing Company") (99.976% stake), dedicated to the execution of financial and operatonal leasing contracts



of movable and immovable property, acceptance and granting of credit, making investments and financial instruments.

 Fondos de Inversión Afirme, S. A. de C. V., Investment Fund Operating Company (the "Operator") (99.99% stake), which is engaged in the provision of asset management services, distribution, valuation, promotion and acquisition of shares issued by Investment Funds, as well as the deposit and custody of assets subject to investment of shares of investment funds, among others.

The Bank has entered into a liability agreement in accordance with the provisions of the Law to Regulate Financial Groupings ("LRAF"), through which Grupo Afirme undertakes to be unlimitedly liable for compliance with the obligations of its subsidiaries, as well as for the losses that may be generated in your case.

XIX.- Summary of the main accounting policies-

The accounting policies shown below have been uniformly applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements presented, and have been consistently applied by the Bank.

The CINIF has issued the NIF and Improvements mentioned below:

**NIF-B-14 Profit per Share -** Comes into effect for the exercises that start from the 1st. from January 2023 allowing its early application. Make precision for the determination of earnings per share (EPS). The Administration estimates that the adoption of this new IFRS will not generate significant effects.

#### **Improvements to the NIF 2023**

In December 2022, the CINIF issued the document called "Improvements to the NIF 2023", which contains specific amendments to some existing NIFs. The main improvements that generate accounting changes are those mentioned on the following page.



**NIF B-11 Disposition of Long-term Assets and Discontinued Operations/ NIF C-11 Equity -** Comes into effect for fiscal years beginning from the 1st. from January 2023, allowing its early application. Any change that is generated must be recognized in accordance with NIF B-1 *Accounting Changes and Error Correction*. This improvement stipulates that any difference between the book value of long-term assets delivered to settle dividends or capital refunds, must be recognized in retained earnings.

"NIF B-15 Foreign Currency Conversion" - Comes into effect for exercises starting from the 1st. from January 2023, allowing its early application. Any change that is generated must be recognized in accordance with NIF B-1 *Accounting Changes and Error Correction*. Make modifications to the practical solution of the NIF that allows the preparation of consolidated financial statements without the effects of conversion to functional

This improvement specifies which entities and in which cases this option can be exercised, establishing that an entity that does not have subsidiaries or a parent company, or that is a subsidiary, associate or joint business, can prepare its consolidated financial statements without making the conversion to functional currency, as long as it is exclusively for tax and legal purposes and does not have users who require the preparation of consolidated financial statements considering the effects of the conversion to functional currency.

The mentioned improvements did not generate effects on the financial information as of January 1, 2023.



XX.- The Capitalization Index for the third quarter of 2023 is presented below, as well as the assets subject to credit and market risk, in order to comply with the General Provisions Applicable to the institution.

#### <u>ANNEX 1-0</u>

Figure in millions of pesos as of September 30, 2023 (figures before replicas with Bank of Mexico)

TABLE I.1 Capital integration disclosure format without considering the transitional period in the application of regulatory adjustments

Reference	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1): Instruments and Reserves	Amount
1	Common shares that qualify for Tier 1 common capital plus their corresponding premium	3,918.63
2	Results of past exercises	3,214.29
3	Other elements of comprehensive income (and other reserves)	1,808.69
4	Capital subject to phase-out of Tier 1 common equity (only applicable for companies that are not linked to shares)	Not applicable
5	Ordinary shares issued by subsidiaries held by third parties (allowed amount in common equity level 1)	Not applicable
6	Tier 1 common capital before regulatory adjustments	8,941.61
	Tier 1 Common Capital: Regulatory Adjustments	
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	Not applicable
8	Commercial Credit (net of its corresponding deferred income taxes charged)	0.00
9	Other intangibles other than rights for mortgage services (net of their corresponding deferred income taxes payable)	319.46
10 (conservative )	Deferred income taxes in favor that depend on future earnings, excluding those derived from temporary differences (net of deferred income taxes payable)	
11	Result from valuation of cash flow hedging instruments	0.00
12	Reserves pending to constitute	0.00
13	Benefits on the remainder in securitization operations	
14	Gains and losses caused by changes in the own credit rating on liabilities valued at fair value	Not applicable
15	Defined benefit pension plan	
16 (conservative )	Investments in treasury shares	
17 (conservative )	Reciprocal investments in ordinary capital	
18 (conservative )	Investments in the capital of banks, financial institutions and insurance companies outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Institution does not have more than 10% of the issued capital stock (amount that exceeds the 10% threshold)	

19 (conservative	Significant investments in common shares of banks, financial institutions and insurance companies outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Institution owns more than 10% of	
)	the issued share capital (amount that exceeds the 10% threshold)	
20		
(conservative )	Mortgage servicing fees (amount exceeding the 10% threshold)	
21	Deferred income taxes in favor from temporary differences (amount exceeding the 10% threshold, net of deferred taxes payable)	237.3
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	Not applicable
23	Of which: Significant investments where the institution owns more than 10% in common shares of financial institutions	Not applicable
24	Of which: Rights for mortgage services	Not applicable
25	Of which: Deferred income taxes in favor derived from temporary differences	Not applicable
26	National regulatory adjustments	457.3
TO	Of which: Other elements of comprehensive income (and other reserves)	438.5
В	Of which: Investments in subordinated debt	
С	Of which: Profit or increase in the value of assets due to the acquisition of securitization positions (Originating Institutions)	
D	Of which: Investments in multilateral organizations	
E	Of which: Investments in related companies	
F	Of which: Venture capital investments	
G	Of which: Investments in mutual funds	18.8
Н	Of which: Financing for the acquisition of own shares	
I	Of which: Operations that contravene the provisions	
J	Of which: Deferred charges and advance payments	
К	Of which: Positions in First Loss Schemes	
L	Of which: Employee Participation in Deferred Profits	
М	Of which: Relevant Related Persons	
Ν	Of which: Defined benefit pension plan	
OR	Of which: Adjustment for capital recognition	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Tier 1 common capital due to insufficient additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 1 common capital	1,814.1
29	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	7,127.4
	Additional Tier 1 Capital - Instruments	
30	Directly issued instruments that qualify as additional Tier 1 capital, plus your premium	
31	of which: Classified as equity under the applicable accounting criteria	
32	of which: Classified as liabilities under the applicable accounting criteria	Not applicable
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase-out of additional Tier 1 capital	
34	Additional Tier 1 capital instruments issued and Tier 1 common equity instruments not included in line 5 that were issued by subsidiaries held by third parties (allowed amount in additional level 1)	Not applicable
35	Of which: Instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out	Not applicable
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	0.0

	Additional Tier 1 Capital: Regulatory Adjustments	
37 (conservative )	Investments in equity instruments of additional Tier 1 capital	Not applicable
38 (conservative )	Investments in reciprocal shares in additional Tier 1 capital instruments	Not applicable
39 (conservative )	Investments in the capital of banks, financial institutions and insurance companies outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Institution does not have more than 10% of the issued capital stock (amount that exceeds the 10% threshold)	Not applicable
40 (conservative )	Significant investments in the capital of banks, financial institutions and insurance companies outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Institution owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	Not applicable
41	National regulatory adjustments	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to additional Tier 1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	Not applicable
43	Total regulatory adjustments to additional Tier 1 capital	0.0
44	Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	0.0
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)	7,927.4
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and reserves	
46	Directly issued instruments that qualify as Tier 2 capital, plus your premium	
47	Directly issued equity instruments subject to phase-out from Tier 2 capital	2,564.7
48	Tier 2 capital instruments and Tier 1 common equity instruments and Tier 1 additional capital that have not been included in lines 5 or 34, which have been issued by subsidiaries held by third parties (amount allowed in complementary capital level 2)	Not applicable
49	of which: Instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out	Not applicable
50	Reserves	
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	2,564.7
	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments	
52 (conservative )	Investments in own Tier 2 capital instruments	Not applicable
53 (conservative )	Reciprocal investments in Tier 2 capital instruments	Not applicable
54 (conservative )	Investments in the capital of banks, financial institutions and insurance companies outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Institution does not have more than 10% of the issued capital stock (amount that exceeds the 10% threshold)	Not applicable
55 (conservative )	Significant investments in the capital of banks, financial institutions and insurance companies outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Institution owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	Not applicable
56	National regulatory adjustments	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	0.0
58	Tier 2 Capital (T2)	2,564.7
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)	10,492.2
60	Total risk-weighted assets	68,038.0

61	Common Tier 1 Capital (as a percentage of total risk-weighted assets)	10.4
62	Tier 1 Capital (as a percentage of total risk-weighted assets)	11.6
63	Total Capital (as a percentage of total risk-weighted assets)	15.4
64	Institutional specific supplement (at least it must consist of: the common capital requirement of level 1 plus the capital conservation buffer, plus the countercyclical buffer, plus the G-SIB buffer; expressed as a percentage of total risk-weighted assets)	7.(
65	Of which: Capital Conservation Supplement	2.5
66	Of which: Specific Banking Countercyclical Supplement	Not applicable
67	Of which: Global Systemically Important Banks Supplement (G-SIB)	Not applicable
68	Common Tier 1 Capital available to cover supplements (as a percentage of total risk-weighted assets)	3.4
	National minimums (if different from Basel 3)	
69	CET1 national minimum ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)	Not applicable
70	T1 national minimum ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)	Not applicable
71	National minimum TC ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)	Not applicable
	Amounts below deduction thresholds (before risk weighting)	
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial institutions	Not applicable
73	Significant investments in common shares of financial institutions	Not applicable
74	Rights for mortgage services (net of deferred income taxes payable)	Not applicable
75	Deferred income taxes in favor derived from temporary differences (net of deferred income taxes payable)	
	Limits applicable to the inclusion of reserves in Tier 2 capital	
76	Reserves eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital with respect to exposures subject to the standardized methodology (prior to application of the cap)	
77	Limit on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital under the standardized methodology	
78	Reserves eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital with respect to exposures subject to internal rating methodology (prior to application of cap)	
79	Limit on the inclusion of reserves in Tier 2 capital under the internal rating methodology	
	Equity instruments subject to phase-out (applicable only between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 202	22)
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase-out	Not applicable
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to the limit (excess over the limit after amortizations and maturities)	Not applicable
82	Current limit on AT1 instruments subject to phase-out	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to the limit (excess over the limit after amortizations and maturities)	
84	Current limit on T2 instruments subject to phase-out	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to limit (excess over limit after amortizations and maturities)	

## TABLE I.1 Notes to the disclosure format of the integration of capital without considering the transitional period in the application of regulatory adjustments.

Referenc	Description
е	
1	Elements of contributed capital in accordance with section I, paragraph a), items 1) and 2) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
2	Results of prior years and their corresponding restatements.
3	Capital reserves, net income, gain or loss from valuation of available-for-sale securities, cumulative translation adjustment, gain or loss from valuation of cash flow hedging instruments, gain or loss from holding non-monetary assets, and the balance of remeasurements for defined benefit employee benefits, considering in each item their restatements.
4	Not applicable The capital stock of credit institutions in Mexico is represented by securities or shares. This concept only applies to entities where such capital is not represented by representative securities or shares.
5	It does not apply to the capitalization scope in Mexico, which is on an unconsolidated basis. This concept would only apply to entities where the scope of application is consolidated.
6	6 Sum of concepts 1 to 5.
7	Not applicable Mexico does not allow the use of internal models for the calculation of the market risk capital requirement.
8	Commercial Credits, net of deferred income taxes payable in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph n) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
9	Intangible assets, other than commercial credits and, if applicable, mortgage servicing rights, net of deferred income taxes payable, in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph n) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
10	Deferred income tax credits arising from tax loss carryforwards and tax credits in accordance with Section I, paragraph p) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011, as it does not allow offsetting against deferred income taxes payable.
11	Result from valuation of cash flow hedging instruments corresponding to hedged items that are not valued at fair value.
12	Reserves pending constitution in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph k) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011, as it deducts from Common Equity Tier 1 the preventive reserves pending to be constituted, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of Title Two of these provisions, as well as thoseIn the case of institutions that use methods based on internal ratings to determine their capital requirements, it does not only deduct the positive difference between Total Expected Losses minus Total Eligible Reserves, but also those reserves charged to accounting accounts that are not part of the income statement or stockholders' equity.
13	Benefits on the remainder of securitization transactions in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph c) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
14	Not applicable
15	Investments made by the defined benefit pension fund that correspond to resources to which the Institution does not have unrestricted and unlimited access. These investments will be considered net of plan liabilities and any applicable deferred income tax expense that has not been applied in any other regulatory adjustment.

16	The amount of the investment in any own shares acquired by the Institution: in accordance with the provisions of the Law as set forth in Section I, paragraph d) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions; through the securities indexes provided for in Section I, paragraph e) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions; and through the investment funds considered in Section I, paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this item is made from Common Equity Tier 1, regardless of the level of capital invested.
17	The Bank may also invest in other financial entities that are members of the group to which the Institution belongs or of their financial subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph j) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, including those investments corresponding to investment funds considered in Section I, paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6. This treatment is more conservative than the one established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this concept is made from common equity tier 1 capital, regardless of the level of capital invested, and additionally because any type of entity is considered, not only financial institutions.
18	Investments in shares, where the Institution owns up to 10% of the capital stock of financial entities referred to in Articles 89 of the Law and 31 of the Law to Regulate Financial Groupings in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. I paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, including those investments made through the investment funds referred to in section I paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6. The above investments exclude those made in the capital of multilateral development or international development organizations that have a credit rating assigned to the issuer by one of the rating agencies, equal to or better than Risk Grade 2 in the long term. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this concept is made from Common Equity Tier 1, regardless of the level of capital in which it has been invested, and additionally because the total recorded amount of the investments is deducted.
19*	Investments in shares, where the Institution owns more than 10% of the capital stock of the financial entities referred to in Articles 89 of the Law and 31 of the Law to Regulate Financial Groupings in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. I paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, including those investments made through the investment funds referred to in section I paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6. The above investments exclude those made in the capital of multilateral development or international development organizations that have a credit rating assigned to the issuer by one of the rating agencies, equal to or better than Risk Grade 2 in the long term. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this concept is made from Common Equity Tier 1, regardless of the level of capital in which it has been invested, and additionally because the total recorded amount of the investments is deducted.
20*	Mortgage service fees will be deducted for the total amount recorded if such fees exist. This treatment is more conservative than the one established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 due to the fact that the total amount recorded is deducted from the rights.
21	The amount of deferred income taxes in favor arising from temporary differences less the corresponding deferred income taxes payable not considered to offset other adjustments, which exceeds 10% of the difference between reference 6 and the sum of references 7 to 20.
22	Not applicable The items were deducted from equity in their entirety. See notes 19, 20 and 21.
23	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 19.
24	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 20.
25	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 21.
	National adjustments considered as the sum of the following items.



A. The sum of the cumulative exchange adjustment and the result from holding non-monetary assets considering the amount of each of these items with the opposite sign to that considered for inclusion in reference 3, i.e. if they are positive in this item they will be included as negative and vice versa. B. Investments in subordinated debt instruments, in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph b) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. C. The amount that results if as a result of the acquisition of securitization positions, the originating institutions record a profit or an increase in the value of their assets with respect to the assets previously recorded in their balance sheet, in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph c) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. D. Investments in the capital of multilateral development or international development organizations in accordance with the 26 provisions of Section I, paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, which have a credit rating assigned by one of the rating agencies to the issuer, equal to or better than Risk Grade 2 in the long term. E. Investments in shares of companies related to the Institution under the terms of Articles 73, 73 Bis and 73 Bis 1 of the Law, including the corresponding amount of investments in mutual funds and investments in indexes as established in section I, paragraph g) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. G. Investments in shares, other than fixed capital, of listed investment funds in which the Institution holds more than 15 percent of the stockholders' equity of the investment fund, in accordance with Section I (i) of Article 2 Bis 6, which have not been considered in the above references. H. Any type of contribution whose resources are destined to the acquisition of shares of the controlling company of the financial group, of the other financial entities that are members of the group to which the Institution belongs or of their financial subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph I) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. I. Operations that contravene the provisions, in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph m) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. J. Deferred charges and prepayments, net of deferred income taxes payable, as established in Section I paragraph n) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. K. Positions related to the First Loss Scheme in which risk is retained or credit protection is provided up to a certain limit of a position in accordance with Section I (o) of Article 2 Bis 6. L. Employees' deferred profit sharing payable pursuant to Section I, paragraph p) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. M. The aggregate amount of the Transactions Subject to Credit Risk by Relevant Related Persons in accordance with section I paragraph s) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. N. The difference between the investments made by the defined benefit pension fund in accordance with Article 2 Bis 8 minus reference 15. O. Adjustment for recognition of Net Equity. The amount shown corresponds to the amount recorded in cell C1 of the format included in section II of this Annex. P. Investments or contributions, directly or indirectly, in the capital of companies or in the assets of trusts or other similar types of entities whose purpose is to compensate and settle transactions carried out on the stock exchange, except for the participation of such companies or trusts in the latter in accordance with paragraph f) section I of Article 2 Bis 6. Not applicable There are no regulatory adjustments for additional Tier 1 capital or supplementary capital. All regulatory adjustments are made to Common Equity Tier 1. 28 Sum of lines 7 to 22, plus lines 26 and 27. 29 Section 6 minus Section 28. 27 The corresponding amount of the securities representing the capital stock (including the premium on the sale of shares) that have not been considered in the Fundamental Capital and the Capital Instruments, which meet the conditions set forth in Exhibit 1-R of these 30 provisions in accordance with the provisions of Section II of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. 31 Amount of line 30 classified as equity under applicable accounting standards. Not applicable Directly issued instruments that qualify as additional Tier 1 capital, plus their premium, are recorded for accounting 32 purposes as capital. Subordinated debentures computable as Non-Core Basic Capital, in accordance with the provisions of the Third Transitory Article of Resolution 50a, which amends the general provisions applicable to credit institutions (Resolution 50a). 33 34 Not applicable See note from reference 5. 35 Not applicable See note from reference 5. 36 Sum of Sections 30, 33 and 34. Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1. 37

38	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
39	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
40	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
41	National adjustments considered: Adjustment for recognition of Net Equity. The amount shown corresponds to the amount recorded in cell C1 of the format included in section II of this appendix.
42	Not applicable There are no regulatory adjustments for supplementary capital. All regulatory adjustments are made to Common Equity Tier 1.
43	Sum of Section 37 to 42.
44	Section 36, minus Section 43.
45	Section 29, plus Section 44.
46	The corresponding amount of the securities representing the capital stock (including the premium on the sale of shares) that have not been considered in the Fundamental Capital or in the Non-Fundamental Basic Capital and the Capital Instruments, which comply with Exhibit 1-S of these provisions in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 Bis 7 of these provisions.
47	Subordinated debentures computable as supplementary capital, in accordance with the provisions of the Third Transitory Article of Resolution 50a.
48	Not applicable See note from reference 5.
49	Not applicable See note from reference 5.
50	Provisions for credit risk up to the sum of 1.25% of the assets weighted by credit risk, corresponding to the Transactions in which the Standardized Method is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk; and the positive difference of the Total Allowable Reserves minus the Total Expected Losses, up to an amount not to exceed 0.6 percent of the assets weighted by credit risk, corresponding to the Operations in which the method based on internal ratings is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk, in accordance with section III of Article 2 Bis 7.
51	Sum of Section 46 to 48, plus Section 50.
52	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
53	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
54	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
55	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
	National adjustments considered:
56	Adjustment for recognition of Net Equity. The amount shown corresponds to the amount recorded in cell C4 of the format included in section II of this appendix.
57	Sum of Sections 52 to 56.
58	Section 51, minus Section 57.
59	Section 45, plus Section 58.
60	Weighted Assets Subject to Total Risk
61	Section 29 divided by Section 60 (expressed as a percentage).
62	Section 45 divided by Section 60 (expressed as a percentage).
63	Section 59 divided by Section 60 (expressed as a percentage).
64	Report the sum of the percentages expressed in lines 61, 65, 66, and 67.
65	Report 2.5%.

66	Percentage corresponding to the Countercyclical Capital Supplement referred to in paragraph c), section III of Article 2 Bis 5.		
67	The SCCS amount in row 64 (expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets) that relates to the systemic capital supplement of the multiple banking institution, in terms of paragraph b), section III of Article 2 Bis 5.		
68	Section 61 minus 7%.		
69	Not applicable The minimum is the same as that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011.		
70	Not applicable The minimum is the same as that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011.		
71	Not applicable The minimum is the same as that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011.		
72	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 18.		
73	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 19.		
74	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 20.		
75	The amount, not to exceed 10% of the difference between reference 6 and the sum of references 7 to 20, of deferred income taxes in favor arising from temporary differences less the corresponding deferred income taxes payable not considered to offset other adjustments.		
76	Provisions for credit risk corresponding to the Operations in which the Standardized Approach is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.		
77	1.25% of the assets weighted by credit risk, corresponding to the Transactions in which the Standardized Approach is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.		
78	Positive difference of Total Eligible Reserves minus Total Expected Losses for Transactions where the internal ratings-based approach is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.		
79	0.6 percent of the credit risk weighted assets, corresponding to the Operations in which the method based on internal ratings is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.		
80	Not applicable There are no instruments subject to transition that are included in Common Equity Tier 1.		
81	Not applicable There are no instruments subject to transition that are included in Common Equity Tier 1.		
82	Balance of the instruments that computed as capital in the basic portion as of December 31, 2012 for the corresponding limit of the balance of such instruments.		
83	Balance of instruments computed as equity in the basic portion as of December 31, 2012 less line item 33.		
84	Balance of the instruments that computed as capital in the supplementary part as of December 31, 2012 for the corresponding limit of the balance of such instruments.		
85	Balance of instruments computed as capital in the supplementary part as of December 31, 2012 less line 47.		
70	T1 national minimum ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)		
71	National minimum TC ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)		
	Amounts below deduction thresholds (before risk weighting)		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial institutions		
73	Significant investments in common shares of financial institutions		
74	Rights for mortgage services (net of deferred income taxes payable)		
75	Deferred income taxes in favor derived from temporary differences (net of deferred income taxes payable)		

Limits applicable to the inclusion of reserves in Tier 2 capital		
76	Reserves eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital with respect to exposures subject to the standardized methodology (prior to application of the cap)	
77	Limit on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital under the standardized methodology	
78	Reserves eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital with respect to exposures subject to internal rating methodology (prior to application of cap)	
79	Limit on the inclusion of reserves in Tier 2 capital under the internal rating methodology	
Equity instruments subject to phase-out (applicable only between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase-out	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to the limit (excess over the limit after amortizations and maturities)	
82	Current limit on AT1 instruments subject to phase-out	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to the limit (excess over the limit after amortizations and maturities)	
84	Current limit on T2 instruments subject to phase-out	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to limit (excess over limit after amortizations and maturities)	

## TABLE I.1 Notes to the disclosure format of the integration of capital without considering the transitional period in the application of regulatory adjustments.

Referenc	Description
е	
1	Elements of contributed capital in accordance with section I, paragraph a), items 1) and 2) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
2	Results of prior years and their corresponding restatements.
3	Capital reserves, net income, gain or loss from valuation of available-for-sale securities, cumulative translation adjustment, gain or loss from valuation of cash flow hedging instruments, gain or loss from holding non-monetary assets, and the balance of remeasurements for defined benefit employee benefits, considering in each item their restatements.
4	Not applicable The capital stock of credit institutions in Mexico is represented by securities or shares. This concept only applies to entities where such capital is not represented by representative securities or shares.
5	It does not apply to the capitalization scope in Mexico, which is on an unconsolidated basis. This concept would only apply to entities where the scope of application is consolidated.
6	6 Sum of concepts 1 to 5.
7	Not applicable Mexico does not allow the use of internal models for the calculation of the market risk capital requirement.
8	Commercial Credits, net of deferred income taxes payable in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph n) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
9	Intangible assets, other than commercial credits and, if applicable, mortgage servicing rights, net of deferred income taxes payable, in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph n) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
10	Deferred income tax credits arising from tax loss carryforwards and tax credits in accordance with Section I, paragraph p) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011, as it does not allow offsetting against deferred income taxes payable.
11	Result from valuation of cash flow hedging instruments corresponding to hedged items that are not valued at fair value.
12	Reserves pending constitution in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph k) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011, as it deducts from Common Equity Tier 1 the preventive reserves pending to be constituted, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of Title Two of these provisions, as well as thoseIn the case of institutions that use methods based on internal ratings to determine their capital requirements, it does not only deduct the positive difference between Total Expected Losses minus Total Eligible Reserves, but also those reserves charged to accounting accounts that are not part of the income statement or stockholders' equity.
13	Benefits on the remainder of securitization transactions in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph c) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions.
14	Not applicable
15	Investments made by the defined benefit pension fund that correspond to resources to which the Institution does not have unrestricted and unlimited access. These investments will be considered net of plan liabilities and any applicable deferred income tax expense that has not been applied in any other regulatory adjustment.

16	The amount of the investment in any own shares acquired by the Institution: in accordance with the provisions of the Law as set forth in Section I, paragraph d) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions; through the securities indexes provided for in Section I, paragraph e) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions; and through the investment funds considered in Section I, paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this item is made from Common Equity Tier 1, regardless of the level of capital invested.
17	The Bank may also invest in other financial entities that are members of the group to which the Institution belongs or of their financial subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph j) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, including those investments corresponding to investment funds considered in Section I, paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6. This treatment is more conservative than the one established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this concept is made from common equity tier 1 capital, regardless of the level of capital invested, and additionally because any type of entity is considered, not only financial institutions.
18	Investments in shares, where the Institution owns up to 10% of the capital stock of financial entities referred to in Articles 89 of the Law and 31 of the Law to Regulate Financial Groupings in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. I paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, including those investments made through the investment funds referred to in section I paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6. The above investments exclude those made in the capital of multilateral development or international development organizations that have a credit rating assigned to the issuer by one of the rating agencies, equal to or better than Risk Grade 2 in the long term. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this concept is made from Common Equity Tier 1, regardless of the level of capital in which it has been invested, and additionally because the total recorded amount of the investments is deducted.
19*	Investments in shares, where the Institution owns more than 10% of the capital stock of the financial entities referred to in Articles 89 of the Law and 31 of the Law to Regulate Financial Groupings in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. I paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, including those investments made through the investment funds referred to in section I paragraph i) of Article 2 Bis 6. The above investments exclude those made in the capital of multilateral development or international development organizations that have a credit rating assigned to the issuer by one of the rating agencies, equal to or better than Risk Grade 2 in the long term. This treatment is more conservative than that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 because the deduction for this concept is made from Common Equity Tier 1, regardless of the level of capital in which it has been invested, and additionally because the total recorded amount of the investments is deducted.
20*	Mortgage service fees will be deducted for the total amount recorded if such fees exist. This treatment is more conservative than the one established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011 due to the fact that the total amount recorded is deducted from the rights.
21	The amount of deferred income taxes in favor arising from temporary differences less the corresponding deferred income taxes payable not considered to offset other adjustments, which exceeds 10% of the difference between reference 6 and the sum of references 7 to 20.
22	Not applicable The items were deducted from equity in their entirety. See notes 19, 20 and 21.
23	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 19.
24	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 20.
25	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 21.
	National adjustments considered as the sum of the following items.



A. The sum of the cumulative exchange adjustment and the result from holding non-monetary assets considering the amount of each of these items with the opposite sign to that considered for inclusion in reference 3, i.e. if they are positive in this item they will be included as negative and vice versa. B. Investments in subordinated debt instruments, in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph b) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. C. The amount that results if as a result of the acquisition of securitization positions, the originating institutions record a profit or an increase in the value of their assets with respect to the assets previously recorded in their balance sheet, in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph c) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. D. Investments in the capital of multilateral development or international development organizations in accordance with the 26 provisions of Section I, paragraph f) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions, which have a credit rating assigned by one of the rating agencies to the issuer, equal to or better than Risk Grade 2 in the long term. E. Investments in shares of companies related to the Institution under the terms of Articles 73, 73 Bis and 73 Bis 1 of the Law, including the corresponding amount of investments in mutual funds and investments in indexes as established in section I, paragraph g) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. G. Investments in shares, other than fixed capital, of listed investment funds in which the Institution holds more than 15 percent of the stockholders' equity of the investment fund, in accordance with Section I (i) of Article 2 Bis 6, which have not been considered in the above references. H. Any type of contribution whose resources are destined to the acquisition of shares of the controlling company of the financial group, of the other financial entities that are members of the group to which the Institution belongs or of their financial subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of section I, paragraph I) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. I. Operations that contravene the provisions, in accordance with the provisions of Section I, paragraph m) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. J. Deferred charges and prepayments, net of deferred income taxes payable, as established in Section I paragraph n) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. K. Positions related to the First Loss Scheme in which risk is retained or credit protection is provided up to a certain limit of a position in accordance with Section I (o) of Article 2 Bis 6. L. Employees' deferred profit sharing payable pursuant to Section I, paragraph p) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. M. The aggregate amount of the Transactions Subject to Credit Risk by Relevant Related Persons in accordance with section I paragraph s) of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. N. The difference between the investments made by the defined benefit pension fund in accordance with Article 2 Bis 8 minus reference 15. O. Adjustment for recognition of Net Equity. The amount shown corresponds to the amount recorded in cell C1 of the format included in section II of this Annex. P. Investments or contributions, directly or indirectly, in the capital of companies or in the assets of trusts or other similar types of entities whose purpose is to compensate and settle transactions carried out on the stock exchange, except for the participation of such companies or trusts in the latter in accordance with paragraph f) section I of Article 2 Bis 6. Not applicable There are no regulatory adjustments for additional Tier 1 capital or supplementary capital. All regulatory adjustments are made to Common Equity Tier 1. 28 Sum of lines 7 to 22, plus lines 26 and 27. 29 Section 6 minus Section 28. 27 The corresponding amount of the securities representing the capital stock (including the premium on the sale of shares) that have not been considered in the Fundamental Capital and the Capital Instruments, which meet the conditions set forth in Exhibit 1-R of these 30 provisions in accordance with the provisions of Section II of Article 2 Bis 6 of these provisions. 31 Amount of line 30 classified as equity under applicable accounting standards. Not applicable Directly issued instruments that qualify as additional Tier 1 capital, plus their premium, are recorded for accounting 32 purposes as capital. Subordinated debentures computable as Non-Core Basic Capital, in accordance with the provisions of the Third Transitory Article of Resolution 50a, which amends the general provisions applicable to credit institutions (Resolution 50a). 33 34 Not applicable See note from reference 5. 35 Not applicable See note from reference 5. 36 Sum of Sections 30, 33 and 34. Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1. 37

38	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
39	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
40	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
41	National adjustments considered: Adjustment for recognition of Net Equity. The amount shown corresponds to the amount recorded in cell C1 of the format included in section II of this appendix.
42	Not applicable There are no regulatory adjustments for supplementary capital. All regulatory adjustments are made to Common Equity Tier 1.
43	Sum of Section 37 to 42.
44	Section 36, minus Section 43.
45	Section 29, plus Section 44.
46	The corresponding amount of the securities representing the capital stock (including the premium on the sale of shares) that have not been considered in the Fundamental Capital or in the Non-Fundamental Basic Capital and the Capital Instruments, which comply with Exhibit 1-S of these provisions in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 Bis 7 of these provisions.
47	Subordinated debentures computable as supplementary capital, in accordance with the provisions of the Third Transitory Article of Resolution 50a.
48	Not applicable See note from reference 5.
49	Not applicable See note from reference 5.
50	Provisions for credit risk up to the sum of 1.25% of the assets weighted by credit risk, corresponding to the Transactions in which the Standardized Method is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk; and the positive difference of the Total Allowable Reserves minus the Total Expected Losses, up to an amount not to exceed 0.6 percent of the assets weighted by credit risk, corresponding to the Operations in which the method based on internal ratings is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk, in accordance with section III of Article 2 Bis 7.
51	Sum of Section 46 to 48, plus Section 50.
52	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
53	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
54	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
55	Not applicable The deduction is made in full from Common Equity Tier 1.
	National adjustments considered:
56	Adjustment for recognition of Net Equity. The amount shown corresponds to the amount recorded in cell C4 of the format included in section II of this appendix.
57	Sum of Sections 52 to 56.
58	Section 51, minus Section 57.
59	Section 45, plus Section 58.
60	Weighted Assets Subject to Total Risk
61	Section 29 divided by Section 60 (expressed as a percentage).
62	Section 45 divided by Section 60 (expressed as a percentage).
63	Section 59 divided by Section 60 (expressed as a percentage).
64	Report the sum of the percentages expressed in lines 61, 65, 66, and 67.
65	Report 2.5%.

66	Percentage corresponding to the Countercyclical Capital Supplement referred to in paragraph c), section III of Article 2 Bis 5.			
67	The SCCS amount in row 64 (expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets) that relates to the systemic capital supplement of the multiple banking institution, in terms of paragraph b), section III of Article 2 Bis 5.			
68	Section 61 minus 7%.			
69	Not applicable The minimum is the same as that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011.			
70	Not applicable The minimum is the same as that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011.			
71	Not applicable The minimum is the same as that established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in its document "Basel III: Global Regulatory Framework for Strengthening Banks and Banking Systems" published in June 2011.			
72	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 18.			
73	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 19.			
74	Not applicable The concept was deducted from capital in its entirety. See note from reference 20.			
75	The amount, not to exceed 10% of the difference between reference 6 and the sum of references 7 to 20, of deferred income taxes in favor arising from temporary differences less the corresponding deferred income taxes payable not considered to offset other adjustments.			
76	Provisions for credit risk corresponding to the Operations in which the Standardized Approach is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.			
77	1.25% of the assets weighted by credit risk, corresponding to the Transactions in which the Standardized Approach is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.			
78	Positive difference of Total Eligible Reserves minus Total Expected Losses for Transactions where the internal ratings-based approach is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.			
79	0.6 percent of the credit risk weighted assets, corresponding to the Operations in which the method based on internal ratings is used to calculate the capital requirement for credit risk.			
80	Not applicable There are no instruments subject to transition that are included in Common Equity Tier 1.			
81	Not applicable There are no instruments subject to transition that are included in Common Equity Tier 1.			
82	Balance of the instruments that computed as capital in the basic portion as of December 31, 2012 for the corresponding limit of the balance of such instruments.			
83	Balance of instruments computed as equity in the basic portion as of December 31, 2012 less line item 33.			
84	Balance of the instruments that computed as capital in the supplementary part as of December 31, 2012 for the corresponding limit of the balance of such instruments.			
85	Balance of instruments computed as capital in the supplementary part as of December 31, 2012 less line 47.			
70	T1 national minimum ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)			
71	National minimum TC ratio (if it differs from the minimum established by Basel 3)			
	Amounts below deduction thresholds (before risk weighting)			
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial institutions			
73	Significant investments in common shares of financial institutions			
74	Rights for mortgage services (net of deferred income taxes payable)			
75	Deferred income taxes in favor derived from temporary differences (net of deferred income taxes payable)			

	Limits applicable to the inclusion of reserves in Tier 2 capital			
76	Reserves eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital with respect to exposures subject to the standardized methodology (prior to application of the cap)			
77	Limit on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital under the standardized methodology			
78	Reserves eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital with respect to exposures subject to internal rating methodology (prior to application of cap)			
79	Limit on the inclusion of reserves in Tier 2 capital under the internal rating methodology			
Equity instruments subject to phase-out (applicable only between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)				
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase-out			
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to the limit (excess over the limit after amortizations and maturities)			
82	Current limit on AT1 instruments subject to phase-out			
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to the limit (excess over the limit after amortizations and maturities)			
84	Current limit on T2 instruments subject to phase-out			
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to limit (excess over limit after amortizations and maturities)			

# TABLE II.1 Financial Situation Figures

Reference of the items of the financial situation statement	Statement of financial position line items	Amount presented in the statement of financial position
	Active	264,763.52
I'm sorry, but "BG1" doesn't seem to be a Spanish phrase or term		
that can be translated into English. Could you please provide more context or check the text?	Cash and cash equivalents	7,543.94
BG2	Margin accounts	67.72
BG3	Investments in securities	147,626.63
BG4	Debtors by repurchase	39,511.13
BG5	Securities Lending	0.00
BG6	Derivatives	384.09
BG7	Valuation adjustments for hedging financial assets	-183.92
BG8	Total loan portfolio (net)	58,753.26
BG9	Benefits to be received in securitization operations	0.00
BG10	Other accounts receivable (net)	1,878.02
BG11	Foreclosed assets (net)	201.32
BG12	Property, furniture, and equipment (net)	4,891.98
BG13	Permanent Investment	177.90
BG14	Long - term assets available for sale	0.00
BG15	Deferred taxes and employee profit sharing (net)	690.95
BG16	Other assets	3,220.50
	Liabilities	256,621.82
BG17	Traditional deposits	88,564.06
BG18	Interbank and other agencies loans	5,861.22
BG19	Creditors for Repurchase	118,651.58
BG20	Securities lending	0.00
BG21	Colaterales sold or pledged	35,635.44
BG22	Derivatives	16.56
BG23	Valuation adjustments for coverage of financial liabilities	0.00

BG24	Obligations from securitization operations	0.00
BG25	Other accounts payable	2,552.34
BG26	Subordinated bonds issued	3,364.77
BG27	Deferred taxes and employee profit sharing (net)	1,897.24
BG28	Deferred credits and early collections	78.61
	Stockholders' equity	8,141.60
BG29	Contributed capital	3,918.63
BG30	Earned capital	4,222.98
	Memorandum accounts	673,157.80
BG31	Guarantees granted	984.17
BG32	Contingent assets and liabilities	0.00
BG33	Credit commitments	9,781.36
BG34	Assets in trust or mandate	57,185.48
BG35	Financial agent of the federal government	0.00
BG36	Assets in custody or management	362,751.36
BG37	Collaterals received by the entity	39,232.80
BG38	Collaterals received and sold or delivered as collateral by the entity	35,403.63
BG39	Investment banking operations on behalf of third parties (net)	0.00
BG40	Uncollected accrued interest from past due loan portfolio	238.09
BG41	Other registration accounts	167,580.90



# TABLE II.2 Regulatory concepts considered for the calculation of the components of Net Capital

ldentifi er	Regulatory concepts considered for the calculation of the components of Net Capital	Reference of the disclosure format of the capital integration of section I of this annex	Amount in accordanc e with the notes to the table Regulator y concepts considere d for the calculatio n of the Net Capital compone nts	Reference (s) of the item of the balance sheet and amount related to the regulatory concept considere d for the calculatio n of the Net Capital from the mentione d reference.
1	Active	0	0.00	DC1C
1	Commercial Credit	8	0.00	BG16
2	Other Intangibles	9	319.46	BG16
3	Deferred income tax (in favor) from losses and tax credits	10	0.00	BG15
4	Benefits on the remainder in securitization operations	13	0.00	BG09
5	Investments of the pension plan for defined benefits without unrestricted and unlimited access	15	0.00	
6	Investments in shares of the institution itself	16	0.00	
7	Reciprocal investments in ordinary capital	17	0.00	
8	Direct investments in the capital of financial entities where the Institution does not own more than 10% of the issued capital stock	18	0.00	

9	Indirect investments in the capital of financial entities where the Institution does not own more than 10% of the issued capital stock	18	0.00	
10	Direct investments in the capital of financial entities where the Institution owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	19	0.00	
11	Indirect investments in the capital of financial entities where the Institution owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	19	0.00	
12	Deferred income tax (in favor) from temporary differences	21	237.31	
13	Reserves recognized as complementary capital	50	0.00	BG8
14	Investments in subordinated debt	26 - B	0.00	
15	Investments in multilateral organizations	26 - D	0.00	
16	Investments in related companies	26 - E	0.00	
17	Venture capital investments	26 - F	0.00	
18	Investments in mutual funds	26 - G	18.83	BG13
19	Financing for the acquisition of own shares	26 - H	0.00	
20	Deferred charges and advance payments	26 - J	0.00	
21	Deferred employee profit sharing (net)	26 - L	0.00	
22	Investments in the defined benefit pension plan	26 - N	0.00	
23	Investments in clearing houses	26 - P	0.00	BG13
	Liabilities			
24	Taxes on deferred income (payable) associated with goodwill	8	0.00	
25	Deferred income taxes (payable) associated with other intangibles	9	0.00	
26	Liabilities of the pension plan for defined benefits without unrestricted and unlimited access	15	0.00	
27	Deferred income taxes (payable) associated with the defined benefit pension plan	15	0.00	
28	Deferred income taxes (payable) associated with others other than the above	21	0.00	
29	Subordinated obligations amount that complies with Schedule 1-R	31	0.00	

I	Subardinated obligations subject to transitory			
30	Subordinated obligations subject to transitory status that are computed as basic capital 2	33	0.00	
31	Subordinated obligations amount that complies with Schedule 1-S	46	0.00	
32	Subordinated obligations subject to transitory status that are computed as complementary capital	47	0.00	
33	Deferred income taxes (payable) associated with deferred charges and prepayments	26 - J	0.00	
	Stockholders' equity			
34	Contributed capital that complies with Schedule 1-Q	1	3,918.63	BG29
35	Results of previous years	2	3,214.29	BG30
36	Result from valuation of instruments for cash flow hedging of items recorded at fair value	3	0.00	BG30
37	Other elements of earned capital other than the above	3	1,808.69	BG30
38	Contributed capital that complies with Schedule 1-R	31	0.00	
39	Contributed capital that complies with Schedule 1-S	46	0.00	
40	Result from valuation of instruments for cash flow hedging of items not recorded at fair value	3, 11	0.00	
41	Cumulative effect of conversion	3, 26 - A	0.00	
42	Result from holding non-monetary assets	3, 26 - A	0.00	
	Memorandum accounts			
43	Positions in First Loss Schemes	26 - K	0.00	
	Regulatory concepts not considered in the balance sheet			
44	Reserves pending to constitute	12	0.00	
45	Profit or increase in the value of assets due to the acquisition of securitization positions (Originating Institutions)	26 - C	0.00	
46	Operations that contravene the provisions	26 - I	0.00	
47	Operations with Relevant Related Persons	26 - M	0.00	
48	Capital recognition adjustment	26 - O, 41, 56	0.00	

#### TABLE III.1 Positions exposed to market risk by risk factor

Concept	Amount of equivalent positions	Capital requirement
Operations in national currency with nominal rate	5,033	403
Operations with debt securities in national currency with a surcharge and a reviewable rate	4,212	337
Operations in national currency with a real rate or denominated in UDI's	245	20
Operations in national currency with a rate of return referred to the growth of the General Minimum Wage	0	0
Positions in UDI's or with performance referred to the INPC	14	1
Positions in national currency with a rate of return referred to the growth of the general minimum wage	0	0
Operations in foreign currency with nominal rate	59	5
Positions in currencies or with yield indexed at the exchange rate	71	6
Gold Positions	5	0
Positions in shares or with yield indexed to the price of a share or group of shares	0	0

9,639 771

## TABLE IV.2

Concept	Risk-weighted assets	Capital requirement
Group III (weighted at 20%)	469.22	37.54
Group III (weighted at 50%)	133.36	10.67
Group IV (weighted at 20%)	303.08	24.25
Group V (weighted at 20%)	109.30	8.74
Group V (weighted at 50%)	190.16	15.21
Group V (weighted at 150%)	220.65	17.65
Group VI (weighted at 50%)	1,249.83	99.99
Group VI (weighted at 75%)	626.91	50.15
Group VI (weighted at 100%)	8,172.35	653.79
Group VI (weighted at 115%)	435.41	34.83

Group VI (weighted at 150%)	299.66	23.97
Group VII_A (weighted at 20%)	958.89	76.71
Group VII_A (weighted at 50%)	56.99	4.56
Group VII_A (weighted at 100%)	32,125.08	2,570.01
Group IX (weighted at 100%)	4,458.46	356.68
Group IX (weighted at 115%)	178.96	14.32

#### TABLE III.3 Weighted assets subject to operational risk

Risk-weighted assets	Capital requirement
8,411	673

Average of the requirement for market and credit risk of	Average positive annual net income for the
the last 36 months	last 36 months
N/A	4,821

As of the end of September 2023, Afirme Bank is classified as Category I, in accordance with the provisions applicable to capitalization requirements, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission to Multiple Banking institutions under the terms of Article 50 of the LIC, Chapter I of the First Bis Title.



#### ANNEX 1-0 Bis

(Before replies with Banco de México)

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION REGARDING THE REASON FOR LEVERAGE

I.- Integration of the main sources of leverage

II.- Comparison between total assets and Adjusted Assets

III. - Reconciliation between total assets and on-balance sheet exposure

IV. Analysis of the most important variations of the elements (numerator and denominator) of the Leverage Ratio.

I. Integration of the main sources of leverage

Institutions must disclose the integration of the main sources of leverage, according to Table I.1

Table I.1		sep-23
Reference	ITEM	AMOUNT
1	Items within the balance sheet (excluding derivative financial instruments and repurchase operations and securities loans -SFT for its acronym in English- but including collaterals received as collateral and recorded on the balance sheet)	65,381
2	(Amounts of assets deducted to determine Basel III Tier 1 capital)	- 121
3	On-balance sheet exposures (Net) (excluding derivative financial instruments and SFT, sum of lines 1 and 2)	65,260
	Exposures to derivative financial instruments	
4	Annual replacement cost associated with all operations with derivative financial instruments (net of allowable cash variation margin)	-
5	Amounts of additional factors for potential future exposure, associated with all operations with derivative financial instruments.	-
6	Increase in Collateral contributed in operations with derivative financial instruments when said collateral is removed from the balance sheet in accordance with the operational accounting framework	-
7	(Deductions to accounts receivable for variation margin in cash contributed in operations with derivative financial instruments)	-
8	(Exposure for operations in derivatives financial instruments on behalf of clients, in which the clearing partner does not grant its guarantee in case of breach of the debt of the Central Counterpart)	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of subscribed credit derivative financial instruments	-
10	(Compensations made to the adjusted cash notional of the subscribed credit derivative financial instruments and deductions of the additional factors for the subscribed credit derivative financial instruments)	_
11	Total exposures to derivative financial instruments (sum of lines 4 to 10)	-
	Total exposures to derivative financial instruments (sum of lines 4 to 10)	
12	Gross SFT assets (without offset recognition), after accounting transaction adjustments for sales	_

13	(Accounts payable and receivable from SFT cleared)	-
14	Counterparty Risk Exposure by SFT	283
15	Exposures by SFT acting on behalf of third parties	-
16	Total exposures from financing operations with securities (sum of lines 12 to 15)	283
	Capital and total exposures	
17	Off-balance sheet exposure (gross notional amount)	-
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalents)	-
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	-
	Capital and total exposures	
20	Tier 1 Capital	868
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16, and 19)	
	Leverage ratio	
22	Basel III leverage ratio	1.32%

#### TABLE II.1

Reference	ITEM	AMOUNT
1	Total assets	66,061
2	Adjustment for investments in the capital of banking, financial, insurance, or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes, but are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-
3	Adjustment related to trust assets recognized in the balance sheet according to the accounting framework, but excluded from the measurement of the exposure of the leverage ratio	-
4	Adjustment for derivative financial instruments	-
5	Adjustment for repurchase operations and securities loan	- 397
6	Adjustment for items recognized in memorandum accounts	-
7	Other settings	-
8	Leverage ratio exposure	65,664

#### TABLE III.1

Reference	ITEM	AMOUNT
1	Total assets	66,061.32
2	Operations in derivative financial instruments	-
3	Repo operations and securities loans	- 680.01
4	Trust assets recognized in the balance sheet in accordance with the accounting framework, but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	-
5	Exposures within the Balance Sheet	65,381

#### TABLE IV.1

#### MAIN CAUSES OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ELEMENT VARIATIONS

#### (NUMERATOR AND DENOMINATOR) OF THE LEVERAGE REASON

CONCEPT/QUARTER	T-1	Т	VARIATION (%)
Basic Capital 1/	861	868	0.8%
Adjusted Assets 2/	66,637	65,543	-1.6%
Leverage Ratio 3/	1.29%	1.32%	2.50%

1/ Reported in row 20, 2/ Reported in row 21 and 3/ Reported in row 22, of Table I.1

## Characteristics of obligations

Reference	Characteristic	QAFIRME-15 Options	BAFIRME-18 Options	BAFIRME-20 Options	BAFIRME-20-2 Options	BAFIRME-22 Options	BAFIRME-22-2 Options
1	Transmitter	Banca Afirme, SA, Institución de Banca Múltiple, Afirme Grupo Financiero.	Banca Afirme, SA, Institución de Banca Múltiple, Afirme Grupo Financiero.				
2	ISIN, CUSIP or Bloomberg identifier	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	Legal framework Regulatory treatment	Credit Institutions Law Credit Institutions, Single Circular of Banks	Credit Institutions Law Credit Institutions, Single Circular of Banks	Credit Institutions Law Credit Institutions, Single Circular of Banks	Credit Institutions Law Credit Institutions, Single Circular of Banks	Credit Institutions Law Credit Institutions, Single Circular of Banks	Credit Institutions Law Credit Institutions, Single Circular of Banks
4	Capital level with transience	Basic 2	Complementary	Complementary	Complementary	Complementary	Complementary
5	Capital level without transience	Basic 2	Complementary	Complementary	Complementary	Complementary	Complementary
6	Instrument level	Credit institution unconsolidated subsidiaries	Credit institution unconsolidated subsidiaries	Credit institution unconsolidated subsidiaries	Credit institution unconsolidated subsidiaries	Credit institution unconsolidated subsidiaries	Credit institution unconsolidated subsidiaries
7	Type of instrument	Subordinated Capital Obligation Non- Preferential, Perpetual and Susceptible to be Converted into Shares.	Subordinated Non-Preferred Capital Obligation Not Convertible into Shares				
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital	\$800.00 MXN are recognized within the non- fundamental basic capital.	\$2,534.12 MOP are recognized within the additional capital.	2,534.12 MDP Recognized within supplementary capital.	2,534.12 MDP Recognized within supplementary capital.	2,534.12 MDP Recognized within supplementary capital.	2,534.12 MDP Recognized within supplementary capital.
9	Instrument nominal value	\$ 100.00 (One hundred pesos 00/100 MN) each.	\$ 100.00 (One hundred pesos 00/100 MN) each.	\$ 100.00 (One hundred pesos 00/100 MN) each.	\$ 100.00 (One hundred pesos 00/100 MN) each.	\$ 100.00 (One hundred pesos 00/100 MN) each.	\$ 100.00 (One hundred pesos 00/100 MN) each.
9A	Instrument currency	Mexican pesos	Mexican pesos	Mexican pesos	Mexican pesos	Mexican pesos	Mexican pesos
10	Accounting classification	Liability at amortized cost	Liability at amortized cost	Liability at amortized cost	Liability at amortized cost	Liability at amortized cost	Liability at amortized cost
11	Date of issue	04/02/2015	11/10/2018	27/03/2020	22//10/2020	15/02/2022	14/09/2022
12	Instrument term	Perpetuity	Maturity	Maturity	Maturity	Maturity	Maturity
13	Expiration date	Without caducity	September 28, 2028	March 15, 2030	10/10/2030	03/02/2032	01/09/2032

14	Advance payment clause	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	First advance payment date	From the fifth year.	From the fifth year.	From the fifth year.	From the fifth year.	From the fifth year.	From the fifth year.
15A	Regulatory or tax events	No	No	No	No	No	No
15B	Settlement price of the advance payment clause	At a price equal to its nominal value plus accrued interest on the date of early repayment	At a price equal to its nominal value plus accrued interest on the date of early repayment	At a price equal to its nominal value plus accrued interest on the date of early repayment	At a price equal to its nominal value plus accrued interest on the date of early repayment	At a price equal to its nominal value plus accrued interest on the date of early repayment	At a price equal to its nominal value plus accrued interest on the date of early repayment
16	Subsequent advance payment dates	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Returns / dividends						
17	Yield/dividend type	Variable Yield	Variable Yield	Variable Yield	Variable Yield	Variable Yield	Variable Yield
18	Cup of Interest/Dividend	Interest Rate: 91-day TIIE + 4.00%	Interest Rate: 28-day TIIE + 2.80%				
19	Dividend cancellation clause	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
20	Discretion in payment	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
21	Interest increase clause	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
22	Yield/dividends	Performance	Performance	Performance	Performance	Performance	Performance
23	Instrument convertibility	Convertibles	Non Convertibles	Non Convertibles	Non Convertibles	Non Convertibles	Non Convertibles
24	Convertibility conditions	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
25	Degree of convertibility	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
26	Conversion rate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
27	Type of instrument convertibility	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
28	Type of convertibility financial instrument	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	Instrument emitter	Banca Afirme, SA, Institución de Banca Múltiple, Afirme Grupo Financiero.	Banca Afirme, SA, Institución de Banca Múltiple, Afirme Grupo Financiero.				

30	Decrease in value clause ( <i>Write-Down</i> )	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
31	Conditions for decrease in value	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
32	Degree of loss of value	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
33	Temporality of the decline in value	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
34	Time value decrease mechanism	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
35	Position of subordination in case of liquidation	Subordinated Capital Obligation Non- Preferential, Perpetual and Susceptible to be Converted into Shares.	Subordinated non-preferred capital obligation not convertible into shares				
36	Non-compliance characteristics	No	No	No	No	No	No
37	Description of default characteristics	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

#### DISCLOSURE OF LIQUIDITY COVERAGE COEFFICIENT

In compliance with Annex 5 of Article 8 stipulated in Section III of the General Provisions on liquidity requirements for Multiple Banking institutions, the disclosure format of the liquidity coverage ratio for the third quarter of 2023 is detailed.

		Individual C	alculation	Consolidated Calculation	
LIQUIDITY COVERAGE COEFFICIENT DISCLOSURE FORM Figures in millions of Mexican Pesos)		Unweighted Weighted amount (average) (average)		Unweighted amount (average)	Weighted amount (average)
COMPUTABLE LIQU	ID ASSETS		•		
1	Total Computable Liquid Assets	Not applicable	30,682	Not applicable	30,682
CASH OUTFLOWS					
2	Unsecured Retail Financing	26,804	2,078	26,804	2,078
3	Stable funding	12,041	602	12,041	602
4	Less stable financing	14,763	1,476	14,763	1,476
5	Unsecured wholesale funding	45,313	20,778	45,337	20,802
6	Operational deposits	0	0	0	0
7	Non-operational deposits	45,313	20,778	45,337	20,802
8	Unsecured debt	0	0	0	0
9	Guaranteed Wholesale Financing	Not applicable	743	Not applicable	743
10	Additional requirements:	11,087	1,805	11,262	1,814
11	Outputs related to derivative financial instruments and other collateral requirements	1,462	1,244	1,462	1,244
12	Outputs related to losses from the financing of debt instruments	0	0	0	0
13	Lines of credit and liquidity	9,626	560	9,801	570
14	Other contractual financing obligations	1	1	1	1
15	Other contingent financing obligations	0	0	0	0
16	TOTAL CASH OUTPUTS	Not applicable	25,405	Not applicable	25,438
ASH INPUTS					
17	Cash inflows for guaranteed operations	42,735	4	42,735	4
18	Cash inflows for unsecured operations	7,118	4,594	7,420	4,745
19	Other cash inflows	5,693	5,693	5,693	10,442
20	TOTAL CASH INPUTS	55,546	10,291	55,847	10,442
			Adjusted amount		Adjusted amount
21	TOTAL COMPUTABLE LIQUID ASSETS	Not applicable	30,682	Not applicable	30,682
22	TOTAL NET OF CASH OUTPUTS	Not applicable	15,114	Not applicable	14,996
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE COEFFICIENT	Not applicable	203.01%	Not applicable	204.60%

	Third Quarter Average of 2023
Average daily individual CCL of the quarter	203.01%

Consolidated daily CCL average of the quarter	204.60%

- 91 calendar days are considered for the quarter corresponding to July September 2023.
- During the period in question, the main change was due to cash outflows from unsecured wholesale financing.
- The evolution of the composition of Eligible and Computable Liquid Assets was as follows:

July	August	September
38.35%	-12.25%	-1.03%

- Banca Afirme does not have a currency mismatch.
- The centralization of liquidity management is concentrated in Banca Afirme.
- Within the flows reported in the form as informative, the flows for the quarter for Inputs and Outputs are detailed:

Month	Exits	Tickets			
July	1.0	1.0			
August	0.0	0.1			
September	1.1	1.6			

\*Amounts in millions of pesos

#### **REVELATION OF THE NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO**

In compliance with Annex 10 of Article 8 stipulated in Section III of the General Provisions on liquidity requirements for Multiple Banking institutions, the disclosure format of the net stable funding ratio for the third quarter of 2023 before Banxico replicas is detailed.

		Individ	ual Figures				Cons	olidated Figure	s			
		Unweighted a	amount by residu	al term	I term Weighted amount			Unweighted amount by residual term			Weighted amount	
pesos		Without caducity	< 6 month	From 6 months to < 1 year	<u>&gt;1</u> year		Without caducity	< 6 month	From 6 months to < 1 year	<u>&gt;1</u> year		
ELEM	ENTS OF THE AMOUN	F OF STABLE I	FINANCING AVAI	LABLE								
1	Capital:	8,855	-	-	2,546	11,402	8,855	-	-	2,546	11,402	
2	Fundamental capital and non-fundamental basic capital.	8,855	-	-	-	8,855	8,855	-	-	-	8,855	
3	Other capital instruments.	-	-	-	2,546	2,546	-	-	-	2,546	2,546	
4	Retail deposits:	-	25,543	466	13	24,262	-	25,543	466	13	24,262	
5	Stable deposits.	-	21,410	348	2	20,227	-	21,410	348	2	20,227	
6	Less stable deposits.	-	4,133	118	11	4,034	-	4,133	118	11	4,034	
7	Wholesale financing:	-	50,893	2,704	50	22,488	-	50,893	2,704	50	22,488	
8	Operational deposits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	Other wholesale financing.	-	50,893	2,704	50	22,488	-	50,893	2,704	50	22,488	
10	Interdependent liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11	Other liabilities:	5,178	169,683	100	2,962	35,515	5,178	169,683	100	2,962	35,515	
12	Liabilities for derivatives for purposes of the Financing Coefficient Stable Net	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not applicable	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not applicable	
13	All liabilities and own resources not included in the categories previous.	5,178	169,683	100	2,962	35,515	5,178	169,683	100	2,962	35,515	
14	Total Amount of Stable Financing Available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	93,666	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	93,666	

ELEME	NTS OF THE REQU	IRED STABLE	FINANCING AM	OUNT							
15	Total liquid assets eligible for purposes of the Coefficient of Net Stable Financing.	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	1,089	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	1,089
16	Deposits with other financial institutions for purposes operational.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Current loans and securities:	-	256,066	11,162	29,758	50,729	-	256,707	11,704	30,169	51,646
18	Guaranteed financing granted to financial institutions with liquid assets level I eligible.	-	239,261	126	-	11,969	-	239,261	126	-	11,969
19	Guaranteed financing granted to financial institutions with different eligible liquid assets level I.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Guaranteed financing granted to counterparties other than financial institutions, the which:	-	15,742	10,767	28,779	38,029	-	16,349	11,293	29,190	38,946
21	They have a credit risk weighting less than or equal to 35% according to the Basel Standard Method for Credit Risk II.	-	11,038	7,107	24,249	29,276	-	11,470	7,414	24,545	29,897
22	Housing loans (in force), of which:	-	-	-	42	42	-	-	-	42	42
23	They have a credit risk weighting less than or equal to 35% according to the Standard Method established in the Provisions.	-	347	785	10,434	9,435	-	347	785	10,434	9,435
24	Debt and equity securities other than Eligible Liquid Assets (that are not in default).	-	1,063	269	936	688	-	1,097	285	936	688
25	Interdependent assets.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



26	Other Assets:	15,815	8,821	3,454	485	7,323	15,815	8,939	3,643	491	7,337
27	Physically traded commodities, including gold.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Initial margin awarded in transactions in derivative financial instruments and contributions to the loss absorption fund of central counterparties	Not applicable	-	-	-	-	Not applicable	-	-	-	-
29	Assets by derivatives for purposes of the Net Stable Financing Coefficient.	Not applicable	-	-	-	-	Not applicable	-	-	-	-
30	Liabilities for derivatives for purposes of the Net Stable Financing Coefficient before deduction for the change in the initial margin	0.3	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	0.3
31	All assets and operations not included in the above categories.	15,815	8,821	3,454	485	7,323	5,085	2,038	182	32	7,337
32	Off-balance sheet operations.	Not applicable	-	-	-	-	Not applicable	-	-	-	-
33	Total Amount of Stable Financing Required.	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	59,141	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	60,071
34	Net Stable Financing Coefficient (%).	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	158.38%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	155.93%

Information before Banxico replicas.

	Third Quarter Average of 2023
Individual CFEN average for the quarter	158.38%
Consolidated CFEN average of the quarter	155.93%

Information before Banxico replicas.

The evolution of the composition in the Amount of Stable Financing Available and the Required Stable Financing is as follows:

Net Stable Funding Ratio	July 2023	August 2023	September 2023*
Amount of Stable Financing Required	59,634.51	60,016.83	60,562.43
Amount of Stable Financing Available	93,914.36	92,736.87	94,347.81

Figures in millions of pesos.

Information before Banxico replicas.

#### ENTITIES OF AFIRME FINANCIAL GROUP THAT COULD RECEIVE FINANCIAL SUPPORT

According to Annex 11 of the Liquidity Provisions, the entities listed below, members of AFIRME Financial Group, could receive financial support up to the amount indicated according to what was approved in the Board of Directors meeting on October 24, 2023:

Name of the Entities	Financing Amount	Type of operation
Arrendadora Afirme, SA de CV, SOFOM	\$2,000	Credit line derived from a contract with a term
Factoraje Afirme, SA de CV, SOFOM	\$1,000	Credit line derived from a contract with a term
Almacenadora Afirme, SA de CV, Organización Auxiliar de Crédito	\$3,190	Credit line derived from a contract with a term
Seguros Afirme	\$25	CCC for firm deposits and overdrafts
Banco de Inversión Afirme, SA de CV, Institución de Banca Múltiple	\$6,085	Call money line

The entities listed below, which are members of AFIRME Grupo Financiero, are the ones that consolidate for the calculation of the ratios:

Name of the Entities	Financing Amount
Arrendadora Afirme, SA de CV, SOFOM	\$2,000
Factoraje Afirme, SA de CV, SOFOM	\$1,000

Additionally, to address liquidity issues, the Institution has the Banca Afirme Contingency Plan, which was approved by the Board of Directors on April 25, 2023, and contains corrective actions to deal with liquidity stress situations.

#### Main Sources of Financing

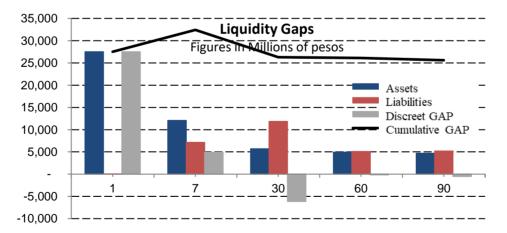
In general, the financing needs of the Institution's loan portfolio are covered by traditional fund-raising, however, other liquidity elements are maintained if required as credit lines and the ability to issue bank paper in the market, not encountering legal, regulatory or operational limitations.

Traditional Catchment September 29, 2023		
Immediate demand deposits	42,555	
Fixed term deposits	44,567	
Credit Securities Issued -		
Capture without movements 112		
Total	87,244	

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity Risk is defined as the potential loss from the impossibility of renewing liabilities or contracting others under normal conditions for the Bank, or from the early or forced sale of assets at unusual discounts to meet its obligations. To measure the liquidity risk, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (CCL) and the liquidity bands are determined, considering the nature of the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet over a period of time.

The accumulated band at 60 days from Banca Afirme was \$26,114 million pesos at the close of the 3rd quarter 2023, a level that respected the established limit. The bands for term up to 90 days would be the following:



On a daily basis, the Liquidity Coverage Coefficient (CCL) is monitored, since the Supervisory Authority imposes a minimum to promote the short-term resistance of the liquidity risk profile, guaranteeing that the Institution has sufficient high-quality liquid assets to overcome a significant stress scenario over a 30-day period.

As of September 29, 2023, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio is 171%. In order to show the behavior of the CCL, the closing values for Q3 2023 are presented below, compared to the previous quarter.

CCL evolution	June 2023	September 2023
Computable Liquid Assets (Weighted)	40,103	36,285
Net Exits at 30 days	21,503	21,217
CCL	187%	171%

The evolution of Computable Liquid Assets compared to the immediately preceding quarter is shown below:

Computable Liquid Assets Evolution (Unweighted)	June 2023	September 2023
Liquid Assets Level 1	39,327	35,171
Liquid Assets Level 2	912	1,311
Total Liquid Assets	40,103	36,482

As of September 29, 2023, the Net Stable Funding Ratio is 160.42%.

Net Stable Funding Ratio	June 2023	September 2023
Required Stable Financing Amount	57,960	58,814
Stable Financing Amount Available	92,029	94,348
CFEN	159%	160%

\*Information before replicas.

The liquidity-adjusted market VaR is interpreted as the loss incurred by the bank for the time it would take to liquidate the securities position in the market, for which the liquidity-adjusted VaR is estimated as the product of the daily market VaR times the square root of 10.

In order to show the behavior of the VaR adjusted for liquidity, the values at the end of 3Q 2022 compared to the previous quarter are shown below.

	Liquidity-adjusted VaR	
Trading Business Unit	June 30, 2023	September 29, 2023
Money table	(51.44)	(53.92)
Treasury	(14.55)	(9.62)
Global	(53.03)	(53.05)

The following shows the average liquidity-adjusted Value at Risk of the monthly closings of the corresponding quarter of the different business units.

Trading Business Unit	VaR adjusted for average liquidity july 2023 – september 2023
Money table	(46.79)
Treasury	(12.21)
Global	(49.33)

In general, the financing needs of the Institution's loan portfolio are covered by traditional fund-raising, however, other liquidity elements are maintained if required as credit lines and the ability to issue bank paper in the market, not encountering legal, regulatory or operational limitations.

Traditional Catchment September 29, 2023		
Immediate demand deposits	42,555	
Fixed term deposits	44,567	
Credit Securities Issued -		
Capture without movements 112		
Total	87,244	

It is important to mention that the financial desks use a financing strategy via repurchase of direct positions, except for those securities that remain in order to maintain an adequate level of liquid assets.

Liquidity risk management is executed in the Treasury and Risk Management areas.

The Treasury area performs daily monitoring of current and future liquidity requirements, taking the necessary steps to ensure that the necessary resources are available. On the other hand, the Risk Management area performs liquidity risk analysis by analyzing liquidity gaps and repricing, as well as the effects on the structural balance of possible adverse scenarios. Both areas have a constant coordination.

To monitor the various risks to which the Institution is exposed, in particular liquidity risk, it has an organizational structure the following decision-making areas and bodies participate in:

- The Treasury area as the one in charge of managing resources.
- The Risk Management area as the area in charge of monitoring and reporting to the Risk Policy Committee on liquidity risk measurements and stress tests, as well as reporting to the Board of Directors on compliance with the established limits by said Council.
- The Assets and Liabilities Committee is in charge of monitoring the balance sheet and proposing balance management strategies, as well as authorizing hedging strategies.
- The Risk Policies Committee is in charge of approving risk measurement methodologies, stress test scenarios, risk monitoring and, where appropriate, establishing courses of action.
- The Board of Directors establishes the maximum tolerance to the risks to which the Institution is exposed, as well as authorizing contingency action plans in case of requiring liquidity.



As mentioned before, the Treasury and Risks areas generate reports that are distributed and presented to the Committees in charge of liquidity risk management, such as cash flow gaps, repricing gaps, stress test analysis and uptake compared to portfolio structure.

The bank's liquidity strategy is based mainly on two main objectives, the first is to maintain an amount of liquid assets that is significantly higher than the bank's liquidity needs and; the second is to extend the term of its collection. With the foregoing, all its clients and counterparties are guaranteed compliance with the commitments assumed by the bank.

The bank's centralized financing strategy is based on traditional deposits through the commercial network. With this strategy, fund-raising generates greater diversification and stability. The bank has significant incentives to generate higher deposits, particularly in terms of term. Our network has been increased to be able to penetrate with new clients in different geographical areas, deconcentrating our clients. In addition to the above, there are sources of financing in the formal market, as they have ample credit lines.

The monitoring of the different indicators mitigates the liquidity risk since these indicators induce the diversification of the deposits, to extend the term of the same, increase the liquid assets and punish the concentration both in term and in clients and the reduction of the liquid assets.

Stress tests consist of applying scenarios where there are situations that could be adverse for the Institution and thus being able to verify the Institution's capacity to face the realization of said scenarios. In the particular case of liquidity risk, scenarios are made based on variables characteristic of financial crises that affect the liquidity of banks in general. This evidence is presented to the Risk Policy Committee on a monthly basis for analysis. The variables used to build adverse scenarios are overdue portfolio, interest rates and sources of financing, mainly.

In accordance with the regulations applicable to credit institutions, the Institution has liquidity contingency plans in case situations arise that could affect the Institution. These plans contain the functions of the personnel who would participate in the necessary actions, the authorization levels and the required information flow. The aforementioned actions are specifically identified and designed to generate liquidity, considering the Bank's structure for this purpose and are divided according to the severity of possible scenarios.



Appendix 11:



### **CERTIFICATE**

Mr. Mario Alberto Chapa Martinez, as in my official capacity as the Pro-Secretary of the Board of Directors of **Banca Afirme S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Afirme Grupo Financiero,** I hereby provide the formal certification for the purpose of general decisions regarding liquidity requirements for multiple banking institutions. At the board of Directors meeting held on October 24, 2023, the Board of Directors of the aforementioned institution determined that the following entities, which are members of Afirme Grupo Financiero, are eligible to receive support up to the respective amounts indicated in the following table:

Entities Denomination	Financial Amount	Type of Operation
Arrendadora Afirme, SA de CV	\$2,000	Line of credit derived from a
SOFOM		contract with a term.
Factoraje Afirme SA de CV	\$500	Line of credit derived from a
SOFOM		contract with a term.
Almacenadora Afirme SA de	\$3,190	Line of credit derived from a
CV Organización Auxiliar de		contract with a term.
Crédito		
Seguros Afirme	\$25	CCC for time deposits and
		overdrafts.
Banco de Inversión Afirme SA	\$6,850	Call Money Line
de CV Institución de Banca		
Múltiple		

Furthermore, the Board of Directors determined that, due to the nature of the financial entities within the Financial Group, the following financial entities shall be consolidated for the calculation of the coefficients, as listed in the table below:

Entities Denomination	Financial Amount
Arrendadora Afirme, SA de CV SOFOM	\$2,000
Factoraje Afirme SA de CV SOFOM	\$1,000



As a result of this determination, the Board of Directors hereby states that there is no explicit or implicit commitment, and it is not foreseen to provide financial support by the Institution to the financial entities within the Group that have not been included in the aforementioned list, in the event that they face an adverse liquidity scenario. This includes the provision of financing or engaging in buy-sell transactions with said financial entities, when such operations could have a negative impact on the liquidity position of the Institution itself.

Sincerely,

[Signature] Mr. Mario Alberto Chapa Martínez Pro-Secretary of the Board of Directors



#### Derivatives

Derivatives are used for balance sheet management, that is, to achieve stability and balance in terms of financial risks. This implies the assurance of minimum (objective) levels of margin, with a consequent release of capital requirements, hedging can be executed with two approaches, either accounting or economic:

- Hedging is understood as derivatives that are directly linked to assets or liabilities, called primary
  position, these derivatives offset the effects of market variables in the primary position. The
  compensation must be such that it meets the criteria established in the applicable regulations, which
  establish the minimum and maximum percentages of compensation to be considered as hedges,
  which is called efficiency. When derivatives are considered hedging, they have a different accounting
  treatment.
- On the other hand, derivatives can be made for trading purposes (*Trading*), for which it must adhere to the risk limits established by the Risk Committee, as well as the Business Plan that is approved annually by the Risk Committee, in which the qualitative and quantitative goals of the operation of these instruments are established. These operations can be used as hedges, although they are not recorded as such, since they are not directly linked to assets and liabilities, but they are contrary to what is intended to be hedged, in such a way that, in the event of a movement in the market variables, the compensation generated by the derivatives does not necessarily meet the criteria established in the regulations, but they have the opposite effect, reducing the effects on the primary position.

Specific objectives include:

- Reduce repricing risks in the case of positions funded at market rates, but with a different review than the review of loans granted.
- Risk reduction and determination of margins in credit positions granted at fixed rates and funded in the market at variable rates.
- Cost reduction and use of special conditions by achieving assets and liabilities in currencies other than those used in the primary position of operations.
- Reduce the duration gaps for the portfolio of assets and liabilities with rigorous market valuation.
- Reduction of capital requirements in positions subject to determining fixed margins, with the consequent use of alternative business opportunities.

The Institution has contemplated the use of financial instruments called *swaps*, either interest rate or foreign currency. These operations are subject to different risks including:

- Interest rate market risk, mainly to the TIIE reference curve.
- Market risk of foreign interest rates, if there were exchange rate operations, there would be an exposure to the reference curve of the underlying currency.
- Exchange rate market risk.
- Credit risk due to default of counterparties.

The instruments traded in the Institution are mainly interest rate *swaps* referenced to the TIIE as well as referenced to foreign currencies. When these instruments are used for hedging purposes, a strategy is developed to better replicate the flows, terms and amounts of the asset or liability to be hedged, so that the hedging strategy is a mirror of the hedging object. All hedging operations are authorized by a Committee with



powers for this purpose, in addition the strategy is analyzed in a particular way by the decision-making staff that are members of the Committee. The negotiation of the hedging operations is carried out through the quotation, with the authorized counterparties, of the operations with the particular characteristics of each operation (once approved by the corresponding Committee) that is intended to be hedged and is accepted or not depending on the conditions market. On the other hand, the negotiation of *trading* operations is the quotation with the counterparties of the standard conditions of the operations by observing the quotations of the *brokers* in the market.

Currently, Banca AFIRME operates in the domestic over-the-counter (OTC) market for these instruments and the eligible counterparties are only domestic or foreign banking institutions with which it has ISDA contracts (local or international) and with which it has granted a line of credit to the Institution. In addition, as of December 2016, the Institution has operations in the Derivatives Exchange associated with Asigna, the clearinghouse that acts as the central counterparty. Currently, trading with clients or brokerage firms is not allowed.

In the case of derivatives that are operated through the over-the-counter market, Banca AFIRME agrees with each counterpart who would be the calculation agent, usually it is agreed that the calculation agent is the counterparty with which the operations are carried out, which which is documented in the framework contracts signed with the counterparties, although the valuations reported by the counterparties are monitored and in the event that relevant differences arise, there are procedures established in the same contracts to determine the corresponding valuation. These procedures even contemplate making quotes with third parties.

With the counterparties, margin calls are contemplated in the guarantee contracts in order to reduce exposure to credit risk and in particular; In OTC markets, the counterparties with which they are traded are analyzed and a line of credit is granted.

Contracts are signed in which the counterparties are obliged to make margin calls, in said contracts the types of admissible guarantees are established. These guarantees include cash and government financial instruments to which a discount established in the contracts would be applied depending on their term. In the entire period of time, the margin calls have been made in cash, therefore, no discounts have been made.



For all trading positions, the market risk value is measured under the historical VaR methodology. Global limits are established on this VaR, for the *Trading* portfolio and for the derivatives portfolio. For the *trading* and derivatives portfolio, the limits are authorized by the Risk Committee. The hedging derivatives are not part of these portfolios and as they are managed in a particular way, compared to the assets or liabilities that are hedged, they are not subject to the market risk limits mentioned above.

The Institution has established internal controls regarding the operation, documentation and management of derivative instruments. In terms of operation and documentation, there are procedures aligned with the applicable regulations, in particular with the 31 requirements of the Bank of Mexico, as well as with sound market practices.

Regarding the risk management of these instruments, there are VaR, sensitivity, counterparty and *stop loss* limits, in order to monitor the operation of these instruments in a timely manner. All limits are applicable to positions classified as trading and in the case of counterparty risk, they are consolidated with hedging operations. In the event that there is any excess to the established limits, these are reported to the corresponding officials and decision-making bodies for the preparation of the corresponding actions. The transactional system has the aforementioned limits implemented, so monitoring is continuous.

The positions, results, risk measures and monitoring of the limits are included in the daily reports issued by the UAIR, and said report is sent to the operating personnel, as well as to Senior Management. Procedures are continuously reviewed internally and annually by a third party within the process of auditing the 31 requirements of the Bank of Mexico.

The operation of derivatives at the Institution was authorized by the Board of Directors, and it is the Risk Committee that annually authorizes the business plan related to these instruments in which the goals, objectives, and use of derivatives are documented.

The valuation of interest rate *swaps* is performed through the projection of the cash flows of each instrument and the sum of the present values of each of the projected flows is calculated. To perform the projection, the method of *forward* rates is used, for which the interest rate curves published by the price provider are considered. Valuation by this method assumes no arbitrage.

The valuation of foreign currency *swaps* is performed by calculating the present value of the projected cash flows in each currency and corresponding rate.

The valuation of financial instruments is performed daily and internally in the Institution's transactional system.

When it comes to hedging instruments, it is necessary to monitor hedging efficiency. This efficiency is determined at least quarterly and two types of efficiency are generated, retrospective and prospective. The method depends on whether the hedge is fair value or cash flow. In all cases, for it to be considered efficient, the efficiency indicators must be between 80% and 125%.

If the hedge is of fair value: the retrospective efficiency is calculated by comparing the ratio of the change observed in the valuation of the derivative and the change observed in the valuation of the hedged asset; while the prospective one projects valuation scenarios with the simulation of rates that generate changes in the present value of the future flows of the hedging derivative against the changes in the present value of the primary position. With the data series, the correlation coefficient (R-squared) and the sign of the independent variable of a linear regression are determined to determine its compensation capacity.



If the hedge is cash flow: the retrospective efficiency is calculated by verifying the ratio of the flows realized in the hedged position and the cash flows observed in the *swap*; while the prospective one uses the fair value method to the accumulated changes to the future flows of the variable leg of the hedging instrument against the future flows of the primary position, valued with the rates of simulated scenarios.

Currently all hedging derivatives are within the established ranges to continue to be considered as hedging derivatives.

Our internal sources of funding are mainly our stable clients, which give us the ability to meet any requirement related to derivative operations, these clients allow us to have a current liquidity greater than 26,500 million that more than cover any liquidity risk, including derivative operations. In addition to the above, we have extensive external capacities with lines exceeding 15,000 million of which currently only 1,500 million are used.

With the above, we can conclude that Banca Afirme has a very adequate liquidity to face periods of liquidity requirements, including the needs for derivative operations.

During the quarter, no significant changes were observed in the exposure to the main risks previously mentioned.

The underlying asset to which we were exposed during the third quarter of 2023 was the Interbank Interest Rate (TIIE), which has daily movements according to the market's own movements. However, these changes did not generate new relevant obligations or affect the liquidity of the Institution.

Next, the impact obtained on Cash Flow at the end of 3Q 2023 is presented:

	Amount
Interest paid	8,219
Interest charged	67,890
Interest to pay	27,559
<b>Net effect</b> Amounts in thousands of pesos	32,112

The following table shows the impact on Results by Derivative Valuation for Q3 2023:

	Balance June 2023	Balance September 2023	Quarter effect
Trading swaps	- 38,206	-31,995	6,211
Hedging swaps	21,240	17,942	-3,298
Hat	-	-	-

Amounts in thousands of pesos

During this quarter, 4 interest rate *swap* operations matured, 30 derivative financial instrument operations were carried out.

The comparison between the counterpart exposure and the guarantees received is performed on a daily basis; and in the event that a differential greater than the threshold (*Threshold*) and the rounded figures agreed with each counterpart is detected, the margin call is made. This process is generated continuously generating various margin calls during the quarter. These margin calls have been made both in favor of the counterparties and in favor of the Institution and at all times the calls have been covered in cash so there is no additional exposure to market risk. In addition, the credit risk of the counterparty (cva) and that of the entity itself (dva) are calculated on a daily basis.

There have been no breaches in the contracts related to these instruments.

At the end of the quarter, there were the following derivative operations in which guarantee contracts with the counterparties were contemplated:

Summary of Derivative Financial Instruments Figures in thousands of pesos as of September 29, 2023								
Derivative		Asset value		Fair value		Maturity amounts		
	End	Notional	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	2023	Later
type		quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	2025	Later	
SWAP TIIE	Coverage	9,725,868	11.50	11.50	370,271	- 30,888	-	9,725,868
TIIE SWAP	Negotiation	51,300,000	11.50	11.50	2,338	- 391	26,300,000	25,000,000
SWAP TIIE *	Negotiation	300,000	11.50	11.50	- 2,413	- 5,897	300,000	-

\* Affirm takes short position, in the rest of the trades takes long position. Fair value considers the value per cva and dva.

Considering the implemented methodology, the sensitivity of the *Trading* portfolio is calculated assuming a parallel change in the interest rates in all the curves that intervene in the valuation of the instruments. These

movements cause the value of the derivatives to change and depending on the net position you have, it will result in a profit or a loss.

Derivative Rate Sensitivity Figures in thousands of pesos as of September 29, 2023					
25 BP <sup>1/</sup>	50 PB	100 PB	150 PB	200 PB	
23,444	46,887	93,774	140,662	187,549	

1 / PB: base points

The hedging efficiency measures have been kept within the efficiency levels because the hedging instruments used in the hedging strategies seek to replicate the cash flow structure, so these strategies efficiently protect the hedged positions before changes in the risk factors that affect, either in the valuation or in the cash flows. It is important to mention that the efficiency methodology does not consider the margin of credit positions and deposits as inefficiency since it is precisely what it is desired to cover. Considering the above, under stressful situations with significant fluctuations in risk factors, acceptable coverage levels will continue to be maintained.